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MADRAS DISTRICT GAZETTEERS.

SOUTH CANARA.

VOLUME II.

MADRAS DISTRICT GAZETTEERS.

STATISTICAL APPENDIX

FOR

SOUTH CANARA DISTRICT.



MADRAS:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS

1915,

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

TABLE	PAG
I. Area, Population, etc., in 1911	1
II. Variation in Population since 1891	2
III. Roads	2
IV. List of Travellers' Bungalows	3
V. Religions in 1911	10
VI. Vital Statistics	11
VII. Causes of Death	12
VIII. Castes, Tribes and Races in 1911	13
IX. Classification of Area and Principal Crops	
Fasli 1322 (1912–13)	14
X. Reserved Forest and Area proposed for reserved	
tion on 30th June 1913	16
Brief Account of the Settlement operations	17
XI. Classification of Area and Money rates accordi	ng
to the last settlement—	90
Part 1. Area under each money rate	80
" 2. Classes and sorts included under ea	33
money rate	90
XII. Rainfall	
	37
(1912–13) XIV. Revenue payable by permanently-settled estat	
in Fasli 1322 (1912-13).*	e B
XV. Demand, Collection and Balance of Current La	nd
Revenue and Cesses	38
XVI. Remissions	39
XVII. Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans	
XVIII. Prices in seers per runee	41
XVIII. Prices in seers per rupee XIX. In :ome-tax (Part IV. "Other sources" only	
XX. Abkāri and Opium	46
XX. Abkāri and Opium	47
XXII. Sea-borne trade—Total trade in each port	48
XXII-A. Sea-borne trade—Chief Imports and Expor	
at the selected ports	50
XXIII. Income and Expenditure of Local Boards	in
1010 10	55
XXIV. Income and Expenditure of the Mangalo	re
Municipality in 1912-13	57
XXV. Education in 1911	59
	60
XXVII. Expenditure on Schools in 1912-13	61
XXVIII. Hospitals and Dispensaries in 1912	. 62
XXIX. Vaccination	 63
XXX. Civil Justice	63
XXXI. Criminal Justice	64
XXXII. Work of Criminal Courts	65
XXXIII. Police and Jails in 1912	65

			% (1)	
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I.-Area, Population, etc., in 1911.

miles.			Number of		Pop	Population, 1911.		th sexes)	of va	entage riation opula- on).	palation ile, 1911.
Locality.	& Area in square miles.	(3)	E Villages.	G Occupied	(9) Total.	G Malus.	(S) Females.	Bopulation (both sexes)	(E) 1891—1901.	(1)	Density of population per square mile, 1911.
(1)	<u> 15/</u>		(4/) (-)	\ <u>\.</u>	107	1			1
COONDAPOOR Division,											
Coondapoor	619		103	25,099	139,599	65,006	74,593	131,858	+ 0.5	+ 5'9	226
Udipi	725	2	158	47,058	272,756	129,808	143,948	253,758	+ 3.8	+ 7.5	376
Mangalore Division.					}						
Amindivi Islands	3		5	821	3,955	1,885	2,070	3,608	- 3.1	+ 9'6	1,318
Mangalore	383	3	166	47,070	276,515	135,223	141,293	261,915	+10•4	+6.8	724
Mudabidri *	640		109	20,335	110,174	53,876	56,298	109,594	+ 11'9	+ 0'5	172
Petrus Division.											
Kasaragod	762	1	114	46,991	247,467	120,520	126,941	231,280	+10.0	+ 7:0	325
Uppinangadi	890		144	26,151	144,761	71,764	72,097	142,712	+ 8'8	+ 1.4	163
						-				<u> </u>	
District Total	4,031	6	799	212,925	1,195, 3 27	578,038	617,139	1,134,713	+ 7.4	+ 5'3	297

The Mudabidri taluk was constituted on 1st October 1910.
 It was abolished with effect from 1st July 1912 when the new Karkal talux was formed,

II.—Variation in Population since 1891.

Towns.	,	Population	Percentage of variation of population.		
Towns.	1911.	1901.	1891.	1891–1901.	1901-1911.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
The whole District.	1,195,227	1,134,713	1,056,081	7.4	5.8
Udipi Taluk.	10,871	8,041	7,272	10.2	35°1
Karkal Taluk.	4,961	5,364	4,115	30.3	 7 ·5
MANGALORE TALUE.		i			1
Bantwal Mangalore * Mulki	4,985 48,412 5,360	4,448 44,108 5,065	4,328 40,922 4,611	2.7 7.7 9.8	12·1 9·7 5·8
KASARAGOD TALUK,	į				
Kasaragod	8, 295	8,207	7,1 98	14:0	1.1

^{*} Represents a Municipal town.

III .-Roads.

	Mil	Mileage of roads maintained.				
Year.	Total.	Metalled.	Unmetalled.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			
1876-77 1881-82 1886-87 1891-92	1,023	7721 8141 8771 9842 1,0592 1,1501 1,033 1,023				

N.B. —This includes the roads in the Mangalore Municipality also.

•		



IV,-List of Travellers' Bungalows.

Serial numbor.	Class	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		Coondapoob Division.			
		Coondapoor Taluk.			
1	II	Coondapoor	L.F.D.	Mangalore, 60 miles.	Two halls, two bath rooms, portico and verandahs. Tiled.
2	ш	Kirmanjeshwar	Do.	Mangalore, 70 miles.	Hall, side room, two bath rooms, dressing room and verandahs. Tiled.
3	III	Baîndur	Do.	Mangalore, 78 miles.	Hall, two bath rooms, a side room and verandahs. Tiled.
4	ш	Golihole *	Do.	Mangalore, 84 miles.	Two rooms, bath room and verandahs.
5	III	Kolluru *	Do.	'Mangalore, 80 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room, portice and verandabs.
6	III	Nagodi	Do.	Do.	Hall, side room and verandahs.
7	III	∏anuar∗	Do.	Mangalore, 95 miles.	One hall, bath room and verandahs.
8	III	Jadakal	Do.	Mangalore, 75 miles.	Two halls, bath room and verandahs.
9	111	Jadakal *	Do.	Do.	One room and verandah.
10	111	Vandse *	Do.	Mangalore, 67 miles.	One room, bath room and verandah.
11	III	Shankaranarayan, *	Do.	Mangalore, 60 miles.	One room, side room, bath room and verandah.
12	III	Hosangadi*	Do.	Mangalore, 70 miles.	One hall, one bath room, and verandahs. Under construction.
13	I II	Albadi	Do.	Mangalore, 66 miles.	Two halls, bath room and verandahs.
	i	Udipi Taluk.			
14	III	Padubidri *	L.F.D.	Mangalore, 21 miles.	Hall, bath room, portice and verandalis.

IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows—cont.

ı—				, ,	
Serial number.	Class.	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		COONDAPOOR DIVISION—cont.			
		Udipi Taluk— cont.			
15	III	Кар	L.F.D.	Mangalore, 29 miles.	Hall, two side rooms, bath room and verandahs. Tiled.
16	I I	Ūdipi	Do.	Mangalore, 37 miles.	Two rooms, two bath rooms, two small rooms and verandahs. Tiled.
17	II	Brahmawar	Do.	Mangalore, 44 miles.	Two halls, two bath rooms, portico and verandahs. Tiled.
18	1 1 T	Kote	Do.	Mangalore, 52 miles.	One hall, one bath room and verandahs. Tiled.
19	111	Haladi	Do.	Mangalore, 88 miles.	Two halls, bath room, portice and verandahs.
20	III	Hiriyadka	Do.	Mangalore, 45 miles.	Two halls, two bath rooms, portice and verandahs.
21	III	Hiriyadka *	Do.	Do,	One hall, one side room, portice and verandahs.
22	III	Perduru *	Do.	Mangalore, 49 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room and verandahs.
		Karkal Taluk.			
23	II	Mudabidri	L.F.D.	Mangalore, 21 miles.	Two halls, two side rooms, two maty rooms, two bath rooms, portico and
24	111	Mudabidri *	Do.	Do.	veraudahs. Tiled. Two halls, bath rooms, portico and verandahs.
25	II	Karkal	Do.	Mangalore, 32 miles.	Two halls, two side rooms, two bath rooms, portico
26	111	Ajekar	Do.	Mengalore, 42 miles.	and verandahs. Tiled. Two halls, two bath rooms, portice and verandahs.
27] 111	Someshwar *	Do.	Mangalore, 58 miles.	One hall, bath room and verandahs. Tiled.
28	III	Hebri *	Do.	Mangalore, 52 miles.	Hall, one side room, bath room, portico and verandah.
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 ${\tt IV.-List~of~Travellers'~Bungalows--} cont.$

i					
Serial number.	Class.	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		COONDAPOOR DIVISION—cont.			
		Karkal Taluk-cont.			
29	III	Bailur *	L.F.D.	Mangalore, 40 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room and verandahs.
30	III	Belamannu *	Do.	Mangalore, 30 miles.	Hall, two rooms and bath rooms. Tiled.
31	III	Varioor #	Do,	Mangalore, 34 miles.	Hall, two side rooms, bath room and verandals.
32	III	Nellikar *	Do.	Mangalore, 30 miles.	One hall, one bath room and verandahs. Under construction.
		Mangalore Division.	l 		·
		Mangalore Taluk.			
33	I	Mangalore	Munici- pality.	Mangalore, 2 furlongs.	Has two compartments which can accommodate two families at a time.
34	III	Suratakal*	L.F.D.	Mangalore, 10 miles.	Hall, one side room, bath room, portice and verandahs.
35	11	Mulki	Do.	Mangalore, 18 miles.	Two halls, one side room, two bath rooms, portice and verandahs. Tiled.
36	111	Kinnigoli *	Do.	Mangalore, 24 miles.	Two halls, bath room and verandals.
3 7	III	Bnjape *	Do.	Mangalore, 11 miles.	One hall, one side room, bath room, portice and verandahs. Tiled.
38	II	Gurpur	Do.	Mangalore, 10 miles.	Two halls, two bath rooms, dressing room, portice and verandahs. Tiled.
39	II	Ferringapet	Do	Mangalore, 9 miles.	Hall, two bath rooms, dressing room and verandohs. Tiled.
40	II	Bantwal *	Do.	Mangalore, 16 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room and portico. Tiled.

IV .- List of Travellers' Bungalows-cont.

Serial number.	Class	Taluks and static	on s.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.		
(1)	(2)	(3)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)
		Mangalore Division—cons	t.					
		Mangalore Taluk cont.	<u> </u>	ļ				
41	п	Panemangalore		L.F.D.	Mangalore, 16 miles.	Hall, two bath rooms, two side rooms and verandahs. Tiled.		
42	111	Panemangalore *		Do.	Do.	Two rooms and verandahs. Tiled.		
43	III	Shiddakatta *		Do.	Mangalore, 24 miles.	Hall, bath room and veran- dahs. Tiled.		
44	II	Punjalkatta		Do.	Mangalore, 28 miles.	Hall, bath room, side mom and verandahs Tiled.		
1	1	PUTTUE DIVISION	N.			1		
		Kasaragod Taluk	.]		i			
45	II	Hosdrug		L.F.D.	Hosdrug, 1 mile.	Hall, two side rooms, two bath rooms and veran- dahs. Tiled.		
46	111	Hosdrug		Do.	Do.	Three rooms and veran- dahs. Tiled.		
47	II	Bekal		Do.	Pallikere, 1 mile.	Two halls, one side room, two bath rooms, portice and verandahs. Tiled.		
48	II	Kasaragod		Do,	Kasaragod, 1 mile.	Two halls, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, portice and verandahs.		
49	II	Kumbla		Do.	Kumbla, 2 furlongs.	Tiled. Hall, two side rooms and two bath rooms.		
50	III	Kumbla		Do.	Do.	Two rooms and verandahs.		
51	II	Manjeshwar		Do.	Manjeshwar, 1 mile.	Hall, two side rooms, two bath rooms and verandahs.		
52	п	Manjeshwar		Do.	Do.	One hall (small), two bath rooms and verandahs,		
53	ш	Muliyar *		Do.	Kasaragod, 10 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room and verandah.		

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IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows—cont.

Serial number.	Class.	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		PUTTUR DIVISION—			
		Kasaragod Taluk-cont.			[
54	III	Adura *	L.F.D.	Kasaragod, 18 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room, portice and verandah.
55	111	Aduru	Do.	Do.	Three rooms and verandahs.
56	III	Periye *	Do.	Pallikere, 8 miles	Hall, bath room and veran- dah. Tiled.
57	III	Bevinja *	Do.	Kasaragod, 7 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room portice and verandabs.
58	III	Karimbilla or Perdala.*	Do.	Kumbla, 11 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room and verandah.
59	III	Adkastbala *	Do.	Kumbla, 19 miles.	Hall, bath room and veran- dah. Tiled.
60	III	Iriya *	Do.	Hosdrug, 11 miles.	One hall, one bath room and verandahs. Under con- struction.
		 Uppinangadi Taluk.			
61	III		L.F.D.	Mangalore, 22 miles.	Two main rooms, bath rooms
62	п	Pattur	Do.	Mangalore, 31 miles.	Hall, three rooms and veran- dahs. Tiled.
63	п	Khow or Madnuru	Do.	Kasaragod, 37 miles.	Hall, five rooms, one bath room and one verandah.
64	11	Sullia	Do.	Kasaragod, 86 miles.	Tiled. Hall, two rooms and two bath rooms. Tiled.
65	11	Sampaje	Do.	Kasaragod, 48 miles.	One hall, four rooms, bath rooms and verandahs.
66	11	Uppinangadi	Do.	Mangalore, 32 miles.	Tiled. Two halls, two bath rooms, one side room, portico and
67	III	Golitattoo *	Do.	Mangalore, 41 miles	verandahs. Tiled. Two main rooms, bath room and verandahs.
68	ıı	Sbiradi	Do.	Mangalore, 53 miles.	Two rooms, two bath rooms and verandahs. Tiled.
1	<u>i</u> .		<u> </u>	1	1

IV .-- List of Travellers' Bungalows -- cont.

Sorial number.	Class	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		PUTTUR DIVIBION—cont.			
		U ppinangadi Talukcont.			
69	111	Gundia*	L.F.D.	Mangalore, 57 miles.	Hall, bath room and veran- dahs. Tiled.
70	11	Beltangadi	Do.	Mangalore, 37 miles.	Two halls, two bath rooms, store-room, portico and verandahs. Tiled.
71	II	Charmadi	Do.	Mangalore, 49 miles.	Two main rooms, two dress- ing rooms, two bath rooms, one store room, portico and
72	III	Charmadi *	Do,	Do.	verandahs. Tiled. Two main rooms and verandahs.
73	III	Gondolgadde *	Do.	Mangalore, 54 miles.	One room, one bath room and verandahs. Tiled.
74	II	Navur	Do.	Mangalore, 44 miles.	Hall, two side rooms or dressing rooms, two bath rooms, portico and veran-
75	III	Kunthuru *	Do.	Manjeshwar, 43 miles.	dahs. Tiled. Hall, one bath room and verandahs.
76	III	Kadaba*	Do.	Mangalore, 52 miles.	Hall, bath room and verandahs.
77	111	Kulgunda*	Do.	Mangalore, 63 miles.	Hall, bath room and verandahs.
78	111	Panja *	Do.	Mangalore, 54 miles.	Hall, one bath room and verandahs.
79	III	Barepady *	Do.	Manjeshwar, 42miles.	Hall, one bath room and verandabs. Tiled.
80	III	Vitla *	Do.	Manjeshwar, 22 miles.	Hall, bath room and verandah.
81	пі	Anekul *	Do.	Manjeshwar, 12 miles.	Hall, side room, bath room and verendah.
2	III	Bellare *	Do.	Mangalore, 47 miles.	One hall, one bath room and verandahs. Under construction.

IV .-- List of Travellers' Bungalows -cont.

Serial numer.	Class	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained,	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(t)
		PUTTUR DIVISION—cont. Uppinanyadi Taluk—cont.			
88	111	Jalaur*	L.F.D.	Kasaragod, 31 miles.	Two rooms, bath room, portico and verandahs. Tiled.
84	III	Khandadka *	Do.	Kasaragod, 40 miles.	One hall, one bath room and verandahs. Under construction.
85	ΙΙΙ	Guttigar *	Do.	Mangalore, 64 miles.	Hall, one open room and a portico.

Note.—Furniture limited. Food not supplied. A watcher or care-taker alone employed. Road Inspection sheds open to the public are marked with an asterisk. Out-houses consist of a kitchen and stable.

Charges per dicm—

First class bungalow, Re. 1 per traveller, Rs. 1-8-0 for a married couple.

Second class bungalow and sheds, As. 8 per traveller, As. 12 for a narried couple.

Third class bungalow and sheds, As. 4 per traveller, As. 6 for a married couple.

10
V.—Religions in 1911.

ı							
		Hindus.		Musalmans.			
Taluks.	(2) Total.	© Males.	Females.	c) Total.	9 Males.	C Females.	
Coondapoor Division.] -				
Coondapoor Udipi		59, 213 111,608	69,121 124,859	6,787 9,588	3,583 5,025	3,204 4,563	
MANGALORE DIVISION.	}	ł	 				
Amindivi Islands Mangalore Mudabidri	. 187,044	91,956 44,021	95,088 46,960	3,949 36,837 5,890	1,879 17,649 3,121	2,070 19,188 2,769	
PUTTER DIVISION.]			
Kasaragod Uppinangadi	1	88,898 60,560	94,009 63,128	61,302 16,347	29,981 8,842	31,321 7,50 5	
District Total	949,427	456,262	493,165	140,700	70,080	70,620	
1	J	j	,			١ ١	
		Christians	<u> </u> 		Others.	1	
Taluks.	(8) Total	Christians (9)	(10) Females.	(1 Total.	Others.	(13) Females.	
Taluks. Coondapoor Division	(8) Total	Males.	Females.		Moles,	1	
	(8) (4,259	Males.	Females.		Moles,	1	
Coondapoor Division	[8) (8)	(9) Males	39 rame (10)	219	"SelaM" (12)	91	
Coondapoor Division Coondapoor Udipi	(8) 4,259 24,544 51,279	(9) Males	39 rame (10)	219	"SelaM" (12)	91	
Coondapoor Division Coondapoor Udipi Mangalore Division. Amindivi Islands Mangalore	(8) (8) 4,259 24,544	(9) 2,082 12,079	2,177 12,465	219 2,157 1,855	128 1,096	91 1,061 	
Coondapoor Division Coondapoor Udipi Mangalore Division. Amindivi Islands Mangalore Mudabidri	(8) 4,259 24,544 51,279 8,772	(9) 2,082 12,079	2,177 12,465	219 2,157 1,855	128 1,096	91 1,061 	

Nors.—The Mudabidri Taluk which was formed on 1st October 1910 was abolished and the Karkal Taluk formed with effect from 1st July 1912 in its place.



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VI.--Vital Statistics.

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		1911.	(80)	ļ	- 39 20 20	:	- 20	-32	82 21		88	34
		.0161	(18) (18)	l	26 26	ŧ	 8	9	22 31		32 8	27
		.608I	(18)	1	888	:	17	:	23		88	24
	ja ja	.80 8 I	(17)	i 	38	:	23	;	27		32 34	33
	Denths	*406T	(15)(16)		45 33	•	8	:	37 43		ಜ ಜ	37
		*906T	(15)		器器	:	19	:	22 4.4.		26 24	22
		'90GT	(14)		23	:	17	:	17		. 13 13	21
n of		' † 061			24	:	20	:	19		31 26	25
Ratio per 1,000 of population of		1903,	(12)(13)		35	:	12	:	28 28		22	24
ndod		.2191	Ξ		48.85	87	25	:	38		20 33	35
Jo 00		1161	(3)		35	:	77	27	33		38 30 30	29
ır 1,0		1010	(6)		84 04	:	62	3	88 88		35	38
tio pe		19091	$\widehat{\mathfrak{L}}$		84	:	32	;	37		36.37	88
Ra		18081	3		31 35	:	88	:	31		85 g	32
	Births.	.7061	(9)		85.52	:	32	:	31	•	33 32 33	34
	Bir	.80gr	<u></u>		41 38	:	34	:	32		es es	37
		'906I	(f)		33 33	:	30	:	31 31		32	34
		7₽081	(3)		29	:	25	:	28		27	28
		1803	3		98 98	:	- 53	Ī	es es		31	37
					: :	፥	:	:	: :		::	- <u>:</u>
	Talnks,		(1)	COONDAPOOR DIVISION.	: :	:	VISI	:	Potitor Division.	Town Circles.	::	District average
	Ţ			COONDAP		(a) Markal	Mangalore	(b) Mudabidri	Puttul Kasaragod Uppinangadi	Town	Mangalore Udipi	a

These statistics include Unropenns and Eurasians.
• Includes the statistics for Amindivi Islands.

• Includes the statistics for Amindivi Islands.

Norg.—(a) The Karkal Taluk was formed on 1st July 1912.

(b) The Mindial Haluk was formed on 1st October 1910 was abolished with effect from ist July 1912 when the new Kerkal Taluk took its place, ,

VII.—Causes of Death.

- (Average of the statistics for the five years ending 1912.)

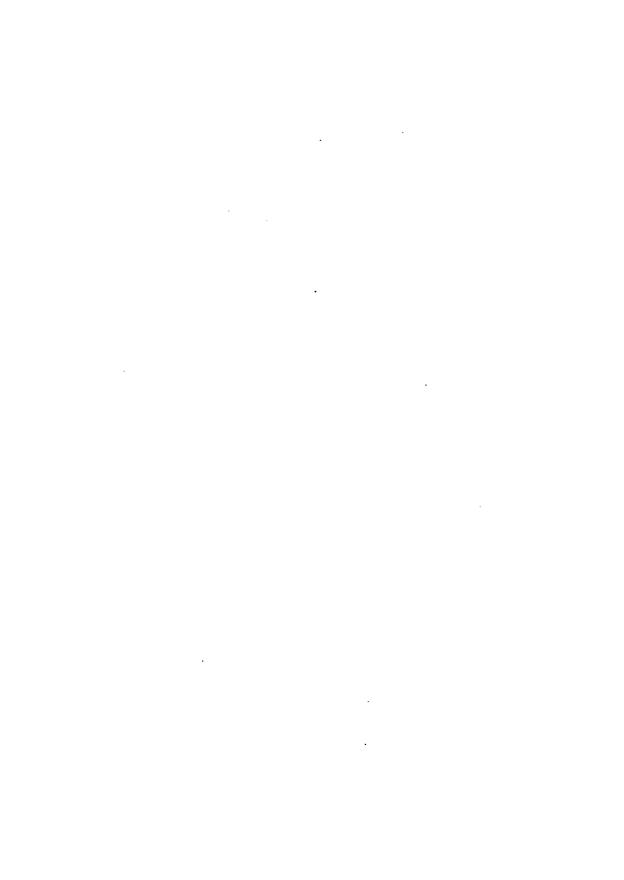
	Ratio o	of death	s per 1	,000 of	populatio	n from	
Taluks.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	All other causes.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
COONDAPOOR DIVISION.							
Coondapoor Udipi Karkal (a)	1 1 	···		17 11 10	4. 3	10 10 12	32 22 25
MANGALORE DIVISION.							
Mangalore * Mudabidri (b)	1		•••	2 8	4 3	10 9	18 20
Puttur Division.							
Kasaragod Uppinangadi	2 1	.,,,	100	6 18	3 8	9 14	20 36
Town Circles.							
Mangalore Udipi	2	3		2 5	4, 1	15 12	29 20
District average	1	1		9	4	11	26

These statistics include Europeans and Eurasians.

* Includes the statistics for Amindivi Islands.

NOTE.—(a) The Karkal Taluk was formed on 1st July 1912.

(b) The Mudabidri Taluk which was formed on 1st October 1910 was abolished with effect from 1st July 1912 when the new Karkal Taluk took its place.





13
VIII.—Castes, Tribes and Races in 1911.

						,	Strength.	
	Caste, '	Tribe o	r Race			Males.	Females.	Total.
		(1)				(2)	(3)	(4)
\ 					'	(2)	(0)	1 (2)
I.—H:	INDU AI	ND AN	MIST (CASTES.	Į			
	(æ) :	Tamil—	–Nil.					
ĺ	(b) Telu	714,					
Devanga						2,583	2,709	£ 900
Sale			•••	•••		2,489	2,709	5,292 5,081
Пррага		• • •	•••	•••	•••	511	847	1,358
1	(c)	Malaya	ılam.					
Cheruman						3,123	3,785	6,908
Kammalan		•••	***			1,298	1,371	2,669
Nayar	***	•••		**1	٠ [9,242	9,384	18,626
Tiyan	• • •	•••	••]	17,935	17,527	35,462
	(d)	$Cana\tau$	ese.					
Bant		-	•••			61,334	64,915	126,249
Billava	***	• • •	,		٠,	75,016	82,038	157,054
Brahman Gauda		•••	••	***	•••	18,015	18,800	36,815
Holeya		•••				22,672 46,507	$22,241 \\ 60,181$	44,913 106,688
Panchala			•••			17,446	18,830	36,276
Vakkaliga			•••	•••		756	748	1,504
	(e) U	riya-	Nil.			j		
(f)	Other M	adras.	langua	ges.				
Brahman	•••			_	}	37,064	37,445	74,509
Kahatriya	•••	***	•••	***	:::	1,766	1,584	3,350
Mahrati			•	••		16,767	17,655	34,422
	II.—:	MUSAL	WAN.					
Mappilla			1*			50 55 5	MG ONE	
Saiyad			•••	•••	•••	58,835 1,488	59,819 i	118,154
Sheik				•••	***	9,137	1,371 8,709	2,859 17,846
						- 1-0.	-,,,,,,,,	-7,520
	III.—	Спвіст	IAN.					
Indian Chri	stian	•••	•••	•••		46,790	48,740	95,530
	ĮV	-Отне	Rs			127,814	135,848	263,6 6 2
				Total		578, 088	617,139	1,195,227

s. can. 3

IX.--Classification of area and principal crops in Fasli 1322 (1912-13).

	i				l			Coonda	Coondapoor Division.	sion.	Mangalore Division.	Puttur Division.	Nyision.	District
	i	Items,						Coonda.	Udipi.	Karkal.	Mangalore.	Каната-	Uppi- nangadi.	Total.
		Ξ					, 	(S)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(9)	3	(8)
Government (ryotwari) land Minor inama Whole inam			<i>;</i>	: : : ·	::::	::::	::::	АСВ. 39 6,122 	ACB. 228,186	ACS. 402,374	Acs. 265,977	487,597	AOB, 793,165	ACB. 2,673,421
				Total area by survey	a by	пгоеу	:	396,122	228,186	402,374	265,977	487,597	793,166	2,573,421
Moreste	ion en fall		11111	:::::	:::::	1::::	11111	128,100 107,713 63,758 25,822 70,729	2,879 46,569 69,215 25,958 83,565	106,021 169,347 26,406 22,585 78,015	1,374 94,975 46,481 28,920 94,227	13,862 159,632 59,855 157,725 96,523	258,358 327,139 75,531 23,584 108,553	510,594 905,376 341,246 284,594 531,612
	◄1	rea s	пмот	Area shown in village accounts	ge ao	counts	:	396,122	228,186	402,874	265,977	487,597	793,165	2,573,421
Irrigated by Government canals Do, by private canals Do, by tentes	cenals		:::	: :	: :	:::	: :		i i i	1 1	 : : :	1 1	1:	
			: :	::	:::	:::	:		:		; ;	:::	: i	: : :
Area under-			T	Total area irrigated	ea irr	gated	:	:	:	:	1 =	:	i :	:
Cereals and pulses— Rice Cholam			; ;	; ;	: :	: :	• ;	70,414	94,064	88,947	120,939	84,632	115,474	574,470





5,213	631,555	2,739	6 to			2,959	9,786	00 1 51	ATD.	:	1,305	606	3,214	72,025	9,036	730,940	199,328	531,612
1,070	119,825	820	7 G	13		851	206,4	61to	,	! 	284	113	807	11,687	130051	146,353	37,800	108,553
1,982	792,80	250		10		333	8883	314	D) 7	<u> </u>	1,015	85	1,100	28,016	8gj.	121,079	24,556	96,523
443 12,698	134,080	503	:	: ;	 	563	510	6.45.0 6.4-	-1	:	1	301	302	8,213	• • •	144,039	#18'6F	94,227
1,055 9,478	09,480	.146	:	1 00	, [451	1,131	216	î	:	31	185	184	7,418	:	108,893	30,873	78,015
13,737	108,312	\ \f	43	N ==	4	099	1,055		#	:	ಣ	503	206	12,900	159	123,855	40,200	83,565
152 5,995	711,561	19	2 :	70	 	98	505	1 <u>5</u> 1	តា	:	:	25	25. 25.	8,791	:	86,721	15,992	70,729
i::	:	i	:	i	:	:	:	:	:	Ξ	:	:	:	:	Ē	:	Ξ	:
:::	Total	:	:	:	Ē	Total	Ē	:	:	:	:	:	Total	ŧ	:	Total area cropped	Deduct area cropped more than onco	Net area cropped
I I I		:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	i		:	7	rea ex	. արտ	rea cı
:::		:	•	:	•		Ē	•	:	Ξ	:	:		:	:	lotal a	ed mos	Net a
:::		i	÷	:	<u>:</u>		ż	3	:	:	:	:		:	÷	_	cropp	
1 1 4		:	;	፤	3		3	:	:	3	;	:		100	8d c		ot area	
: : :		:	:	•	•		:	:	:	:	3	:		n prod	ood cr		Dedu	
: : :		÷	:	Ē	:		врісев	:	፥	E	tics—	:		gardeı	non-f			
Cambu Ragi Others		Oil-seeds— Til or gingelly	onnd-nut	Castors	Others		Condiments and spices	Sugarcane, etc.	Cotton	Indigo, etc.	Drugs and narcotics— Tobacco	Others		Fodder crops – Orchards and garden produce	Miscellancous non-food crops			

· Includes the Amindiyi islands.

X.—Reserved forest and area proposed for reservation (in square miles) on 30th June 1913.

Taluks.	Reserved forest.	Area proposed for reser- vation.	Total of columns 2 and 3.	Area of taluk.	Percent- age of column 4 to cultivated area.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(G)
COONDAPOOR Division.	ACE.	ACs.	ACE.	ACS.	
Coondapoor Udipi Karkal	200·15 4·50 165·66	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	200-15 4-50 165-66	619:00 356:54 628:71	181·12 3· 4 4 135·89
MANGALORE DIVISION.					
Mangalore	2.15		2-15	415.59	1.56
PUTTUE DIVISION.	,				
Uppinangadi Kásaragod	403·84 21·66	0•08 	403·87 21·66	1,239·32 761·S6	228 81 15-39
District Total	797 96	0.03	797:99	4,021.02	96.04

Note.—The area of Mangalore taluk includes the area of Amindiyi islands also,

Net revenue realised under forests during

1903-0 L.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10	1910-11.	1911–12,	1912-13,
rs.	ns.	RS.	Bs.	RS.	RS.	вз.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.
17,248	13,223		32,812	30,886	15,208	32,365	22,368	35,290	40,207





BRIEF ACCOUNT OF THE SETTLEMENT OPERATIONS.

A summary of the revenue history of Canara will be found on The old page 115, volume I, of the District Manual 1, and an account of the system. circumstances under which the settlement of the district was finally ordered is contained in pages 100-114 inclusive. It will, therefore, be sufficient to state here that, prior to this settlement, the revenue demand was not based on any survey or measurement of the occupied land. Even at its origin the shist was incorrect,2 and based on no measurements. In the numerous changes of government which had taken place since the Vijayanagar settlement all traces of the shist had been lost. The demand as it existed at the commencement of the Company's rule was in part composed of different imposts having no relation to the extent or produce of the land. Its distribution among the ryots had been, up to that time, left to the discretion of the karniks and shanbhogues and was therefore very unequal.

The history of the district for the first 40 years of the nineteenth Pre-settlecentury consists of a series of attempts to equalize this demand on the different holdings. In the absence of any survey these were foredoomed to failure. From the first, Munro had expressed an opinion that such modifications were unnecessary, as assessments unequal in their origin tended to become equal by the course of time. There is evidence to show that these attempts to equalize the assessment, so far from achieving their object, increased the existing inequalities of the assessment and enabled the rich and influential to still further divest themselves of their share of the assessment at the expense of the poor.

ment period.

The revenue survey began work in 1889 and completed the last Survey. taluk in 1896. A mistake which led to much delay was made in the attempt to take the "warg" as the unit for the survey field. The warg had long ceased in most cases to be the unit of ownership, and only remained the revenue unit in theory. The demarcation of wargs, therefore, did not separate the lands owned by different persons. It incidentally had the effect of including wet, dry and bagayat as well as different descriptions of wet in the same survey field. Many of the fields became of an unmanageable size, and the number of sub-divisions, limited by the survey rules to ten in each field, sometimes exceeded a hundred.

Settlement operations began in October 1894, and at once brought Settlement. to light the fact that the existing survey could not be made the basis

¹ Manual of the South Canara district compiled by J. Sturrock, I.C.S. (Madras Government Press, 1894).

³ Munro's letter, dated 31st May 1800.

of any scheme of settlement as it stood. Accordingly supplementary surveys were undertaken to sub-divide the different descriptions of land. The classification of the soils, and counting of trees in bagayats, together with these revision surveys went on up to 1903. The Commissioners of Revenue Settlement visited the district on several occasions during these operations; the scheme report for Kásaragód and Mangalore was submitted in 1898; that for the Udipi and Coondapoor taluks in the following year. Final orders were passed on these proposals in G.O. No. 757, Revenue, dated 25th August 1902.

The general principles finally adopted for the settlement of the district were as follows:—

Wet lands.

Wet land was defined as land levelled and bunded and adapted to the cultivation of paddy, i.e., of wet paddy; dry paddy is seldom grown in this district except in the kumaris. All wet land was divided into three classes: first, second and third. First-class wet lands are lands giving two wet crops, the irrigation of which is ordinarily by direct flow. Second-class wet lands are lands giving two wet crops, the second mainly by baling, also lands giving one wet and one dry crop, patla and mogaru lands, and other low-lying wet lands, which, owing to their favourable position, have an unfailing supply of water for the first crop. Third-class wet lands are all less favourably situated wet lands.

Gardens.

After some discussion it was decided to class all bagayats

			r equivalen
Cocoanut,		to one	cocoanut
			tree.
Arecanut			12
Jack	•		
Mango	Ç		3
Tamarind	- }	•••	2
	วั		
Pepper Palmyra	۶.		4
I aimyia	,		

under seven sorts, the rates of assessment varying from Rs. 2 to Rs. 8 an acre. A garden containing less than ten bearing cocoanut trees to the acre was treated as dry. The marginally-noted trees have been considered as 'garden' trees for the purpose of this definition.

During the original classification the jack, cocoanut and areca were the only trees counted, except in the area classed as "gardenbettu" which was all reinspected before settlement on receipt of the Government orders defining "bagayats". No reclassification of gardens was made, and, therefore, except in the cases where a garden was reinspected in the course of settlement, the mango, palmyra, tamarind, and pepper-vine have not been taken into account. Had they been counted, a considerable addition would have resulted both to the bagayat area and to the rates on lands already classed as bagayat. The cashew-nut, which yields a large income, has not been taken into account owing to the practical difficulty of working out any scheme of assessment to deal with it. All these facts should be considered at the next revision of the settlement. The bagayats have been

generally assessed at disproportionately low rates in comparison with wet and dry lands, and the areca gardens in particular at much lower rates than in the adjoining districts of North Canara and Mysore.

The second crop charge on lands registered at settlement as Second crop. regularly growing two crops has been consolidated at one-fourth of the single crop charge. No charge is made for occasional second crop, and when a second wet crop is raised on land classed as single crop no extra charge will be made during the currency of the present settlement.

As there are no Government irrigation works in this district, the Grouping. grouping of wet lands was based on their proximity to the sea-coast. Villages near the sea-coast have the advantage of a healthy climate, abundant labour, proximity to markets, and higher prices for all their produce. In the four coast taluks three groups were at first formed on this basis. A special coast group, practically confined to the villages actually on the sea-coast, was afterwards formed to remedy a defect of the Deputy Commissioner's first proposals viz., the disproportionately low rates, resulting in many cases in a considerable decrease on the old revenue, in the coast villages. The lands in these villages are the most valuable in the district. The decrease was largely due to the lower money values assigned to the VIII, XII and XIII series of soils, which predominate in these villages. To some extent this defect has been remedied by the formation of the coast group. These villages, however, still remain the most lightly assessed under the new rates.

The Uppinangadi taluk has no sea-board. The interior is densely covered with forest, and the climate is in consequence malarious in parts. A fourth group was therefore constituted to meet the special circumstances of this taluk.

The settlement was introduced into the taluks in the following Introduction order :--

of settlement.

77 - -14

Mangalore	•••	•••		 1312
Kásaragód Udipi		•••	•••	 1313
Coondapoor) Uppinangadi				 1314

The area of the district is 2,571,923 acres of which only 737,142 Area by acres are occupied. Deducting the kumari area, which is occupied settlement: only for fugitive cultivation, the actual occupied area is 596,265 acres. only 23 per cent. of the total area of the district. Reserved forests Unoccupied. account for an area of 562,895 acres out of the remainder. Where this has been shown as reserved forests in the classification register, it has been entered as poramboke. The balance of reserved forests is included in the unocupied dry area. Dry cultivation is seldom

Occupied.

attempted on dry lands in this district. The dry crops that are grown are usually sown in the wet lands after the rice crops have been cut. Excluding 'dry' land, the really 'unoccupied' arable land is therefore extremely small, 1,102 acres of wet and 438 of garden. Part of this is waste lying in or near the reserved forests. Some of it is land occupied without authority, and is under enquiry. probable that after settlement some more waste wet lands in the middle of or adjacent to the forests will be resigned. Up to this time it was not possible to resign such lands without also resigning the whole warg to which they were attached. The large unoccupied dry area of 1,155,217 acres is mostly uncultivable. Here and there paddy fields could be made by expensive levelling and terracing. This process is always going on, and will receive some impetus from the fact that the average settlement dry rates are lower than the old minimum darkhast rate, As. 9-7 as against Re. 1 an acre. Most of the area will always remain waste, available for grazing, for cutting thatching grass, green leaves for manure, and other purposes subsidiary to agriculture.

Financial. results of the settlement.

Taluk.			per	of assess- cocupied	Percentage of increase by settle-		
	1	efo: lem	_	After settlement	ment.		
Coondapoor . Udipi Mangalore Uppinangadi. Kásaragód	2 1	0 6	4 5	RS. A. P. 3 11 4 3 11 11 4 4 1 3 10 2 4 0 11	PER CENT. 22 56 61 85 131		
Total	2	5	11	3 14 4	<u> </u>		

Prior to settlement land revenue demand was Rupees 14,19,586. The settle- \mathbf{ment} assessment is Rs. 23,41,260, Themarginal table shows the incidence of the old and new assessment on whole occupied area, and the rate of increase in each taluk.

This table brings out the fact that the rate of increase rises in proportion to the distance of the taluks from Nagar, the capital of the Bednore dynasty. Munro states that the poligars of the Mangalore Hobli, which appears to have included the greater portion of the three southern taluks, were enabled by the distance which lay between them and Nagar to resist the imposition of some of the extra assessments which were exacted from the northern taluks. In fifteen villages in the south of the Kásaragód taluk the revenue assessment was less than one rupee an acre. The old revenue was the assessment paid to the sovereign, not that which was collected from the people by their local chiefs, the amount of which is not known.

The figures show that the settlement assessment is evenly distributed and the differences in the percentage of increase are due to the inequalities in the incidence of the old assessment.

•		
	·	

	•	

Of the settlement demand, 80 per cent. is paid by the wet lands, and 51 per cent. of the wet assessment is paid by first-class wet lands (lands growing two or more wet crops by direct flow, without resort to artificial irrigation).

```
Wet-
                           RS. A. P.
                                          The marginal table shows Rates of
 1st Class
                            6 14 1
 2nd ,,
                                      the average rates of settlement assessment.
                            4 10 1
                            2 5 5
 3rd
                 •••
                       --,
                                      assessment on
                                                         the different
                            4 13
                                  7
  Bagayat
                       ...
                            0 L4
                                      classes of lands,
  \mathbf{Dry}
  Kumari
                            0 2
```

The average wet rate for the whole district is Rs. 4-7-11.

(1) Múlgéni leases.—The existence of permanent (múlgéni) Special leases, under the terms of which the landlord is debarred from raising the rent, was at one time held to be a formidable obstacle to any revision of the revenue. The course adopted has been to issue separate pattas to the pattadar for that portion of his land which is let on múlgéni. A separate patta has been issued for each tenant. In the event of the pattadar refusing to pay, the land itself is proceeded against in the first instance. The tenant then pays the assessment to avoid the loss of his tenure which would be entailed if the land were brought to sale for arrears of revenue. The area under mulgeni has turned out to be less than 10 per cent, of the whole occupied area. It is not known in how many cases the settlement assessment is more than the mulgéni rent. In recent years, and certainly during the 20 years which have elapsed since the intention of Government to revise the assessment was communicated to the public, the tenant has been bound by a special clause to pay any enhancement made at settlement. In many cases the rent was raised when it was given on múlgéni (instead of a lump sum being exacted) and is now higher than the chálgéni (temporary) leases on similar lands. The cases in which the assessment is really less than the rent are usually leases of old date. The increase in assessment is most probably due, in such cases, to the extension of cultivation on the part of the tenant, who is, therefore, the proper person to pay the enhanced assessment.1

(2) House-sites.—Formerly land applied for for building purposes was assessed at the special

					hopes was assessed at the abectar
Town.				Bate.	rate of Rs. 6 even outside towns.
Mangalore				12	In future, the special rates for
Bantval			}		· •
Mülki		***	j		house-sites will be confined to
Kásaragód		***	٠ }	6	the towns shown in the margin
Kárkala		•••			At settlement the special rates
Vdipi		***	.,,]		To segment one sherist titles
	-				were imposed only on lands

previously assessed at special rates (the lands known as nel-terige, ghar-terige, sirdhar ghar-terige, etc.).

^t Para. 19 of G.O. No. 757, Revenue, dated 25th August 1902.

In addition to the area assessed as house-site at settlement, there are 78 acres of freehold and 83 acres of grant land in the town of Mangalore for which permanent pattas have been issued by the Collector. Outside towns, house-sites have been assessed at dry rates, when the number of garden trees in the sub-division was not sufficient to constitute the area a bagayat. House-sites in bagayat have not been sub-divided. Not only would it often be a difficult matter to sub-divide them, but allowance has been made in fixing the bagayat rates for the inclusion of such small unprofitable areas. When situated in wet land, which is not often the case, house-sites have been sub-divided when the area was more than 10 per cent. of the area of the sub-division.

(3) Kumari.—The warg kumaris of the Kásaragód taluk have been treated as occupied warg lands, and assessed at wet rates, after allowing 50 per cent. for unprofitable areas, of one, two and, three annas an acre, according to the group in which the village lies. Three groups were formed, with reference to proximity of the kumaris to markets, and the state of their kumaris.

When the land is brought under permanent cultivation of any kind, the settlement assessment fixed for the soil and group will be imposed. The total area of warg kumari is 140,877 acres, and the average rate per acre is As. 2-1. The old assessment on this area was only seven pies an acre.

(4) Múlpattas.—In G.O., No. 369 Revenue, dated 16th April 1904, it was ordered that the survey of múlpatta lands left out of demarcation at the time of survey should be carried out under Act IV of 1897 by the Settlement department. Múlpatta wastes, in the sense of lands never brought under cultivation, were ordered to be assessed at the rate of four annas an acre, in view of the large areas of some of the old múlpatta lands. In a few cases it was found that wet lands belonging to múlpatta had been omitted at survey. These, and other improved lands, were assessed at the settlement rates. The number of múlpattas admitted and the area surveyed as múlpatta in the various taluks is shown in the following table;—



Statement showing the result of the Múlpatta survey.

Taluk.		Number of mulipates wargs according to Tabaildar's list.	Total number of kudntale-			Number of mulpatta claims received.	Number of petitions rejected as having no	a or having 16d anreclaim r forest land	Number of mulputta claims admitted.	Extent.	Assessment.
(1)		(2)	<u> </u>	(3)	j	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
								ĺ		ACB.	Re.
Mangalore		597	1	400,	١	414	ļ	364	80	7	27
Kásaragód		167		337		147		119	28	3.2	9
Udipi	-•	155		506		173	İ	131	42	2	3
Coondapoor		186		549		175		138	87	1	8
Uppinangadi		152		210		89		72	17	1	2
Total	۱۰.	1,257	2	2,606		1,028		824	204	14·5	44
		}				Area a	dmi	tted—cont			
		Gard	len.	Dr y clain	(re	, (u	nrec	tta dry laimed , etc.).		Total	•
Taluk.	-	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment	1 2 2	The region of	Assessment.	Extent,		Aesessment.
		(9)	(10)	(11)	(1:	2) (1	3)	(14)	(15)		(16)
		ACS.	Rs.	ACB.	R	s. Ac	s.	RS.	ACS.		RS.
Mangalore		1 1	5	23	18	9 9	9 6 6	241	99	7	292
Kásaragód	•••	.5	1	1	2	2 :	204	51	20	9	63
Tdipi	•••]]		2	2	2 2,	784	6 96	2,78	s	701
Coendapoor		.		43	25	2 5,	742	1,436	5,78	6	1,461
Uppinangadi		2	7	3	3	3 :	148	37	15	4	49
Total	•••	3.2	13	72	48	3 9,	 844 	2,461	9,93	± -	2,566

At the time of writing a few cases are still under enquiry.

NOTE.—On page 8 of Board's Proceedings, No. 87, nated 6th March 1864, the total number of mulpation is given as 1,220. The total in mber according to the rable hate is 1,237. The increase is due to the fact that the table hists contained many darkhast ratios, and these have been rejected.

s. can. 5

(5) (Kumakis, kans, bánés.—In G.O. No. 1190, Revenue, dated 30th December 1902, it was decided that the question of assessing kumaki lands should not form part of the settlement.

The question of kans and banés was dealt with in G.O. No. 413, Revenue, dated 19th April 1904. It has been decided to acquire the pepper right in kans when required for forest reservation under the Forest Act. Banés, when required for reservation, will be reallotted by the Revenue Department in suitable localities in the proportion of two acres to each acre of cultivated land. A special form of patta for kans which are admitted, and which are not required for forest reservation, has been prescribed in G.O. No. 213, Revenue, dated 8th March 1905.

Increment remissions.

The manner in which increment remissions were granted is described as follows in paragraph 18 of the settlement notification:—

"Where the settlement assessment in any individual patta is "higher than the present revenue demand, the excess will be collected "by annual increments as follows:-If the increase exceeds 25 per "cent., an amount equal to the old assessment plus 25 per cent. thereof "will be levied at once, and the remainder by instalments equal to " $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the old assessment. Where, however, such instal-"ments will not admit of the full revised assessment being reached "by the twelfth year, the remainder (i.s., the increase over 25 per "cent.) will be levied in eleven equal instalments. It is, however, to "be clearly understood that, if the whole or a portion of the lands "held by a pattadar at settlement is transferred or relinquished "subsequent to settlement, the full settlement assessment will be "charged for the lands remaining in his patta and for those which "have passed to other hands. This rule, however, will not apply "to cases in which the change in the holding may be due to causes "beyond the ryot's control; for example, where a portion of his land "is washed away by a river or where a piece of land is taken up for "public purposes. In such cases the excess assessment upon what "remains of the holding will be levied in the same number of "instalments as fixed for the entire holding. Similarly when one " of the joint holders of a patta transfers his interest therein, either "to the co-pattadar or to a stranger, increment remission will not "be forfeited by such transfer. Increases of Rs. 3 and under will be "charged at once whatever the percentage may be."

The total amount of increment remission granted for the whole district amounts to Rs. 33,84,537. It is noticeable that though the rate of increase for the whole district is only 65 per cent., the increment remissions extend to the full twelve years in all the taluks. This is due to the extreme inequality of the old assessment. Even in the Coondapoor taluk where the settlement increase is only 22 per cent. which would be collected in one year had the old assessment



been equitably distributed, the increment remissions extend to the twelfth year.

According to the return made by the Collector to the Board in Rent roll. fasli 1310, there were only 48,533 pattadars in the district, of which ten only were joint pattas. The settlement pattas are \$9,654. Under the old system the kudutales into which the old wargs had been in almost all cases split up, were not recognized as pattas. Although the warg had in most cases long ceased to be the unit of ownership, the warg was still the only unit recognized by the Revenue Department. The kudutale was merely a division of the warg to facilitate collection. In the last resort, arrears due on the land of one kudutaledár which could not be collected otherwise were realized by the sale of the whole warg. In practice this very seldom occurred, The old system was, however, in fact a joint patta system, disguised by the creation of separate kudutales. In many cases of joint family property there had never been any division of the property. All that had been divided was the income, and the separate registration into kudutales only showed the proportionate amount of the assessment which each member of the family had agreed to pay out of his share of the income. Even when the land itself had been divided, it was often not separately surveyed. In all these cases joint pattas had to be issued at settlement to all the registered kudutaledars. As a rule, they applied for sub-division of the property and separate registration, When there was no dispute as to the share of each this request was always complied with. In many cases, too, families whose property had remained registered in the name of one member up till then, availed themselves of the opportunity afforded by the settlement to divide their land into separate shares.

Thus although, had kudutales been shown as pattas in the revenue rent roll, the increase in the number of pattas by settlement would not appear so large, the preparation of the new pattas, and the measurement of the different shares involved a great deal of work. Registration was amended in the case of 127,018 sub-divisions at settlement. A large number of new sub-divisions were also measured to sub-divide different holdings.

In the settlement report it is shown that the price of first and Remarks. second sort rice, the main staple of the district, has risen 171 per cent. and 194 per cent. respectively since Munro's settlement, or a rise of 182 per cent. taking both together.

It is also shown in the same report that a comparison of the old areas with the survey areas of 21 mulpatta wargs reveals the fact that there has been an average increase of 90 per cent. by survey. The conclusion is, that after allowing half the increase in price for the increased cost of cultivation and living, the old assessment should have been enhanced by 181 per cent. if it had been desired to restore

the Government demand to the same proportion that it was fixed at by Munro.

The chief objection which was always urged by those who were opposed to any revision of the assessment in this district was that any enhancement of the assessment would result in a 'boule-versement' of land values.

An examination of the sale-deeds of 45 properties in the Mangalore taluk, which have changed hands recently before and after settlement, shows that this anticipation has been falsified by the result. In eight cases the price after settlement is lower, in 13 cases it is unchanged, and in 24 cases the price is higher than before.

The following extract from the administration report of the District Registrar for 1904 points to the same conclusion:—

Higher sales advanced 14 per cent. in 1904 as compared with the preceding year. Higher mortgages rose 7 per cent. "The fact that the higher sales and mortgages have advanced in 1904 goes to show that land is still considered a safe investment, and that the period of suspense that accompanied the survey and settlement operations in the district has been followed by a period of security."

Rent and sale unit of land. In paragraph 4 (4) of the letter of the Government of India, No. 3371 of 1st November 1902, it is stated that besides the brief account of the settlement operations, an account of the chief changes disclosed in the state of affairs described in the first volume of this Gazetteer should be included,

The remarks under this head will be confined to a discussion of the rent and sale-unit of land current among the people¹ (the bījwari mura), and the rates of rents paid by tenants to landlords up to the time of settlement.² Under both these heads the information given in the District Manual no longer represents the existing state of affairs. Before there had been any survey it was, in fact, hardly possible to get correct information on these points. In paragraph 28 of the scheme report for Mangalore and Kásaragód the Deputy Commissioner has followed the District Manual in taking one mudi as equal to one acre. This is incorrect as will be seen below.

The bijwari madi. The 'bijwari mudi' (measure of land by seed capacity) generally means the Mangalore mudi of 42 seers. Where another mudi is meant, the fact is usually stated. The argile mudi of 50 seers prevails in a small tract within a radius of about 15 to 20 miles of Mangalore town. In the south of the Kásaragód taluk the unit is the 'pothipad,' the equivalent of a Mangalore mudi. In the north of Kásaragód it is the 'Manjéshwar holike' of 39 (nominal) seers. In the north of the Udipi taluk the koilu, i.e., the extent one man can reap in a day, one-twelfths of an acre, is the rent unit. In the Coondapoor

¹ District Manual, Volume I, page 215.

² Ibid, page 194.





taluk the 'stalu mudi' is about 20 seers, one-third of an acre. In all other parts the bijwari mudi means the Mangalore mudi of 42 seers.

Before the survey of the district it was thought (District Manual, Vol. I, page 215) that the bijwari 'mudi' was equivalent to one acre. It is not possible to ascertain the area by experiment, as each cultivator has his own ideas on sowing. The 'Mangalore' mudi is nominally a piece of land requiring 42 seers of seed. Assuming that an acre requires 60 seers (though some land-owners put it at 70 seers), a Mangalore mudi is seven-tenths of an acre.

An 'argile' mudi is nominally land requiring 56 seers of seed or fourteen-fifteenths of an acre.

A comparison of leases and sale-deeds with survey areas, and personal field enquiries made from tenants, landlords and Government officials in all parts of the district brings out the fact that the amount of seed required to sow a field is invariably exaggerated by the land-owner, with a view to obtain a higher rent or price. The same custom prevails in the adjoining province of Coorg. There the produce of the land, and not the seed it requires, is the standard of measurement. A piece of land described by its owner as producing 100 batties in fact never produces more than 70 batties, often less. It is not to be supposed that the tenant or the purchaser is deceived by this, as it is a universal custom. It must, however, be allowed for in estimating the area in acres, of the 'bijwari mudi' of the leases and sale-deeds current among the people. In bail lands an average deduction of not less than 25 per cent. must be made from the nominal seed capacity of a field on this account. This figure has been arrived at by careful enquiries from all classes of people interested in land, and may be accepted as correct.

The Mangalore bijwari mudi in bail land is then $\frac{2}{40}$ of an acre, and the argile mudi seven-tenths of an acre. It would be easy to cite cases in which the area was more and in which it was less than these figures. They represent a fair average. In bettus, more space is taken up by unprofitable areas, such as larger bunds and the terraces of cultivated land are smaller in proportion. It is, therefore, usually considered that a bettu field takes 48 seers for a Mangalore mudi of land, and 60 seers for an argile mudi. The Mangalore bettu bijwari mudi is therefore four-fifths of an acre, and the argile bettu mudi is one acre. The majal Mangalore bijwari mudi is about 40 seers capacity, or two-thirds of an acre; and the argile majal mudi is about 50 seers, or five-sixths of an acre.

Except in the case of permanent leases (mulgéni), competition Rents: rents are in force throughout the whole district. In the Coondapoor taluk, and the northern part of the Udipi taluk, rents are usually calculated in terms of the kanchina mudi of 63 seers, Elsewhere, unless some other standard (such as the Karkala holike or

settlement.

Manjéshwar holike) are specified, the rent mura is the Mangalore mura of 42 imperial seers.

Bail rents are nearly always in rice. Majal rents are generally in rice, sometimes partly in rice and partly in money. Bettu rents are paid in rice near the coast, and money or rice in the interior.

Though there are in each taluk exceptional villages where rents are abnormally high or low, on the whole there is not much difference in rents throughout the district, when the actual money value is worked out according to the local measures. On the whole, rents for rice lands are lower and bagayat rents are higher in the south of Kásaragód taluk than elsewhere. It will, therefore, be sufficient to give the rents in the different parts of the Mangalore taluk.

Near Mangalore town exceptionally good bail lands are rented for as much as fifteen muras of rice per argile mudi. Rent is usually paid partly in first-sort and partly in second-sort, but to avoid any overestimation of rents it will be assumed here that all rents are paid in second-sort rice, and the low price of Rs. 3 per mudi will be taken when converting rents into money. Fifteen muras per argile mura are therefore equivalent to Rs. 64 per acre. The best majals, suited for growing sugarcane, in the same locality are rented at seven pagedas per argile mudi or Rs. 42 per acre. The best bettus are rented for five muras per argile mura or Rs. 15 per acre.

These rents are for exceptional lands. Ordinarily good bails in the special and first group are rented for twelve muras an argile mudi or Rs. 51 per acre. Majals of the same quality are rented at from Rs. 25 to Rs. 30 per acre, *i.e.*, six muras per argile mura; and bettus of the same quality in the same tract, four muras or Rs. 12 per acre.

In the eastern part of the first group and the second group good bails are rented at from 8 to 6 muras per Mangalore mudi or Rs. 45 to Rs. 34 per acre. Majals are rented at four or five muras per Mangalore mudi or Rs. 18 to Rs. 22 per acre: bettus from two to three muras or Rs. 7 to Rs. 11 per acre.

In the worst villages of the third group, situated in the malarious vicinity of the ghâts, bail rents are as low as three to five muras per Mangalore mura, i.e., Rs. 17 to Rs. 27 an acre; majals at two to three muras or Rs. 9 to Rs. 13 per acre; and bettus one to two muras or Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 per acre.

The rents of bagayats are more difficult to ascertain. Ordinarily good cocoanut bagayats are rented at from Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 per acre. Exceptional cocoanut bagayats fetch as much as Rs. 90 per acre. Cocoanut trees planted on the bunds of paddy fields, when not planted by the tenant, fetch As. 4 to As. 8 per tree. There must be many cases where the rent of the trees standing on the bunds more than covers the wet assessment on the field.

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Areca gardens are seldom given on lease. When they are so given, the rents are as high as Rs. 200 an acre (paragraph 70 of Board's Proceedings No. 41, R.S., L.R. and Agri., dated 15th March 1902).

The eastern villages of the fourth group of the Uppinangadi talnk are the worst in the district. Bails here do not fetch more than Rs. 12 per acre, majals Rs. 6 to Rs. 8 and bettus Rs. 3 or Rs. 4. In these villages most of the land is cultivated by the land-owners themselves.

The above rents are given as a record of the state of things pre- After settlevailing prior to the introduction of settlement. The highest rents ment. absorb almost the whole of the first crop. The tenant must make his living and pay the expenses of cultivation from the second crop and the third wet or the grain crop, if any. Tenants in such tracts are, in fact, mere coolies, and eke out their living by other occupations. In such cases enhancement of rent is impossible. In general, however, the land-owning classes have everywhere raised their rents in proportion to the assessment. In some cases they have actually made a profit out of the settlement by raising their rents by the full amount of the settlement assessment, themselves gaining the benefit of the increment remission.

In paragraph 21 of G.O. No. 757, Revenue, dated 25th August 1902, it is stated that the settlement assessment on first and second class wet lands may be reckoned at one-quarter of the average rental. The figures given above show that, even before the rents were enhanced this estimate was low, for first and second class lands alone. For the best bail and majals the maximum settlement assessment comes to about one-sixth of the rent, as fixed prior to settlement. Almost every patta, however, contains some dry land, or house-site for which no rent is paid. The proportion of the assessment to the rent is higher in the interior. Taking all these points into consideration, the settlement assessment may be said to range from one-fifth to one-quarter of the old rent in the special and first group villages, and from one-quarter to one-third in the interior. In a few villages at the foot of the ghâts it is more than one-third. Rents have, however, been enhanced wherever it was possible to do so, subsequent to settlement; and before the full settlement assessment has been reached the landlords will be in receipt of much the same net income as before.

XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement.

(PART I. Area under each money rate.)

Particulars.	Coonda	poor Divi	sion.	Manga- lore. Divisin .			Distr i ct Total,
Money rates.	Coonda- poor.	υdipi.	Kar- kal,	Manga- lore.	Kásara- ı ód.	Uppinan- gadi.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	J (7)	(8)
	<u> </u>		merial:	town rate	(occupieă	D.	
ĺ			pectar.	1	(<i>0000p</i>	/)• [,
F8. A.	ACS.	ACS.		ACB.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS,
12 0				297	2.2		297
6 0		93		68	15		176
Grand Total .		93		365	15	-,-	473
	, — — —		D	ry (unocci	ipied).		!
[20	19	13		8	i	l	40
. 18	376	61	· · · ·	504	132	3	1,076
1 4	2,356	2,017		3,353	6,939	426	15,091
1 0	33,069	43,685		46,452	87,375	23,049	233,570
Ordinary 0 15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50,414	68,854		108,326	64,733	92,891	385,218
8 0 [].	76,626	72,440		00,915	18,999	156,108	885,088
P 0 6	30,089	53,099		36,031	11,681	138,128	269,028
	4,241	5,697			1,224	142,239	153,401
			\	!	1	20,396	20,396
Total	197,130	245,866		255,589	191,083	573.240	1,462,908
- (0 3					10,837		10,337
Kuma-) 0 2					17,389		17,389
ri. lõī		•••			4,328	,	4,328
Total	•••	•••			32,054		32,054
Grand Total	197,130	245,866		255,589	223,137	573,240	1,494,862
			$\overline{}_{L}$	ry (occup			
(20	69 \	112		(252	258	11	702
	448	543		754	1,171	194	3,110
Ordinary dry 1 1 0 15 8 9 4 9 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1,667	3,179		2,440	6,069	1,116	14,471
1 0	4,223	11,003		10,184	6,688	3,564	35,662
ਫ਼ਿੱ⊀ 0 12	2,620	9,896		7,809	2,892	4,628	27,845
. <u>Ē</u> 0 8	2,028	3,544		1,561	3,237	3,865	14,235
<u>열</u> 0 6	1,301	1,290		98	94	1,546	4,329
	413	46				118	577
\ \ 0 2			<u> </u>	::-		230	230
Total	12,769	29, 6 13	···	23,098	20,409	15,272	101,161
Kuma- 0 3					34,422	(34,422
-i					86,943		86,943
ι ο 1	<i> </i> -	:			19,512		19,512
Total					140,877		140,877
Múlpatta 0 4	*†3,978	*	l	*	*	+ 148	4,126
Grand Total	16,747	29,613		23,098	161,280	15,420	246,164
* The demonstra		·	·	<u>' </u>	<u></u>		'

^{*} The demarcation of the unsurveyed and unreclaimed waste and forest lands included in the mulpattas in these taluks has not been completed. † Area assessed at the mulpatta rate at settlement.

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XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement—cont.

(Part 1. Area under each money rate—cont.)

Particulars,	Particulars. Coondapoor Division.					Puttur Division.		
Money rates.	Coonda-	Vdipi.	Kar- kal.	Manga- lore.	Kasara-	Uppinan- gadi.	District Total.	
(1)	(2)	_(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
			Garde	n (unoccu	pied).			
RS. A.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACB.	ACB.	ACS,	ACB.	
8 0 27 0 6 0 5 0 14 0 2 0	2 3 2 6 9 14	12 4 3 5 8 16		 1 9 10 17 19	16 24 6 16 23 35 48	 2 3 12 12 12 24 75	30 30 16 40 56 93 172	
Grand Total	36	49	140	56	168	128	437	
			Ga	rden (occupied).				
8 0 7 0 6 0 5 0 4 0 3 0 2 0	1,599 1 281 1,132 946 845 852 1,725	2,447 1,274 1,650 1,546 1,504 1,645 3,004		1,128 1,031 1,810 1,874 1,856 2,319 3,628	2,606 3,122 4,911 3,612 3,100 2,616 2,766	2,604 1.385 870 809 919 1,051 3,301	10,384 8,093 10,373 9,787 8,224 8,483 14,424	
Grand Total	8,380	13,070	,,	18,646	22,733	10,939	68,768	
			Wei	t (unoccup	ied).			
8 0 7 0 6 0 5 0 4 0 3 0 2 8 2 0 1 8 1 0 0 12	1 1 11 22 18 103 28 6	 4 4 17 15 4 14 31 2		 2 2 5 21 14 38 4	5 18 11 55 6 86 31	 3 8 52 67 112 179 99	1 15 38 63 161 10 284 240 191 99	
Grand Total	190	91		86	212	523	1,102	

XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement—cont.

(Part 1. Area under each money rate-cont.)

Par	tioul	ars.	Coondapoor Division.			Manga- lore. Division.	Puttur		
Mon	ey r	ates.	Coonda- poor	Tdipi.	Kar- kal.	Manga- lore,	Kasara- god.		
	(1)		(2)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
			_		1	et (occupi	ed).	<u>-</u> -	
R9,	A.		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS	ACS.	ACB.	ACa,
8 7	0		\$22 5 100	915 8.425	***	1,071	1,035	 9.880	3,343
6	0 0	"""	5,182 13,423	19,992		18,105 $23,161$	5,943 8,760	2,268 10,106	34,923
5	0		9,586	16,683		17,111	9,430	12,294	75,448 65,054
4	Õ	,,, }	9,297	12,485		11,058	8,776	12,962	54,578
8	0]	9.264	18,804	•••	17,585	8,979	14,487	69,119
2	8		213	211		284	178	,	886
2 1	0		8,127	17,504	141	21,012	9,131	11,999	67,773
	8		5,986	12,107		5,884	2,367	9,849	36,193
1	0	•,,•	2,720	2,677		688	224	6,081	12,390
0	12	٠,	. 74	.111	***		,,,	1,871	1,871
Grand	Tot	al	54,126	109,753		110,959	54,823	81,917	421,578

Nore,—The Karkal Taluk was newly formed with effect from 1st July 1912. The constitution of Mangalore and Udipi Taluks was changed with effect from the same date. Figures for the revised areas are not available.



XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement—cont.

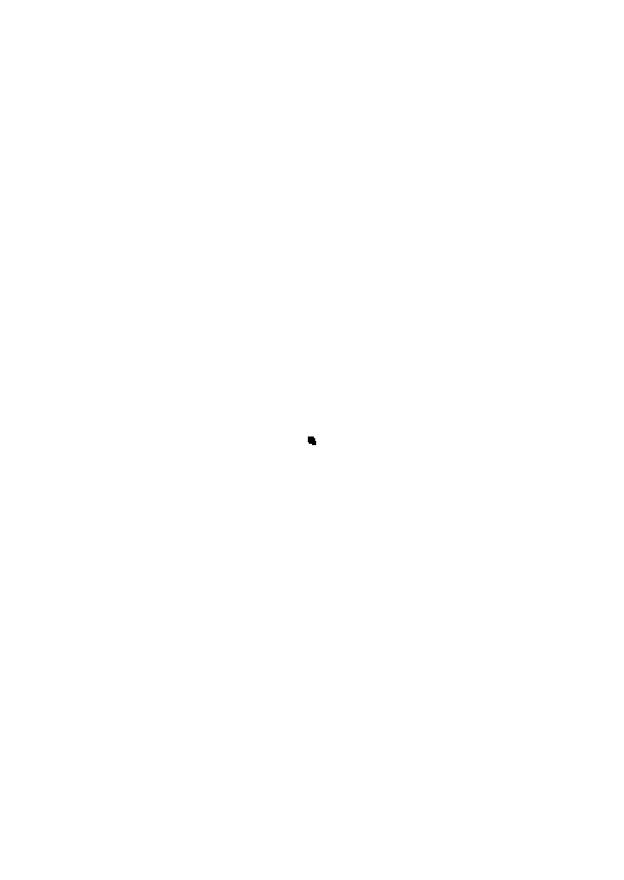
(Part 2. Classes and sorts included under each money rate.)

					Dr	y.						Gard	ец.
	Soil.		5	group.		group.	Third group. Fourth group.						
	Class.	Sort.	Твивш.	Rate.	Taram.	Rate.	Taram.	Rate.	Tarem.	Rate.	Sort.	Rate.	Remarks.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
		.		Rs. A.	i	RS, A.		B8, A,		RS. A.		Rs.	
V	r {	1 2 3 4 5	2 3 4 5 6	1 8 1 4 1 0 0 12 0 8	3 4 5 6 7	1 4 1 0 0 12 0 8 0 6	4 5 6 7 8	1 0 0 12 0 8 0 6 0 4	5 6 7 8 9	0 12 0 8 0 6 0 4 0 2	2	8	rden lands.
∇	п {	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	2 0 1 8 1 4 1 0 0 12	2 3 4 5 6	1 8 1 4 1 0 0 12 0 8	3 4 5 6 7	l 4 1 0 0 12 0 8 0 6	4 5 6 7 8	1 0 0 12 0 8 0 6 0 4	3 4	6	There is no grouping for garden lands.
V	111 {	1 2 3 4	2 3 4 5	1 8 1 4 1 0 0 12 0 8	3 4 5 6 7	1 4 1 0 0 12 0 8 0 6	4 5 6 7 8	1 0 0 12 0 8 0 6 0 4	5 6 7 8 9	0 12 0 S 0 6 0 4 0 2	6	3	There is no gr
X	п {	1 2 3	2 3 4	1 8 1 4 1 0		ļ				j	7	2) - ·
X	ш[1 2 3	3 4 5	1 4 1 0 0 12	Th	ere are the 2, 3	no a and	renaceo 4 group	 ns so villa 	oils in			
x	ı⊽ {	1 2 3	4 5 6	1 0 0 12 0 8									

Note.—In the special group villages for wet lands, the rate for single crop has been increased by one rupee each taram, ranging from Rs. 8 to Rs. 2.

XI.-Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement-cont. (Part 2. Classes and sorts included under each money rate—cont.)

,						800000	000000	N IN IN C O
		Paddy Betfu.	Rate.	(39)	ß3, ∆.	4.000		
	ي ا	Par	Татет.	(38)		r. oc co oc :		
	Fourth group.	- I'e	Rate.	(37)	IS, A.	0 1 1 0 0 1 2 1 0 0 1 2 1 0		
	յ ուն	Majal,	Tarsm.	<u> </u>	<u>FE</u>	22.000		
	Fou			(36)		00 80 9	00000	<u> </u>
		Bail.	 Rate.	(32)		88770		
		<u> </u>	.me.wT	(34)		98763		
	Paddy Bettu.		Ente.	(33)	R.S. A.	1118	00 ∞ 00°	
		Paci	-mistsT	(32)		0000	2002000	∞ ~ ∞ ∞ ∞
	Third group.		Hate.	(31)	¥.		00000	
	rd Br	Møjal.				11153		
	T.b.i.		Taram.	(30)			00000	
		Bail.	Bate.	(6%)	RB. A.	4.82144		
		Ba	Taram.	(28)		445078	64697	40000
		Paddy Bettu.	Rete.	(27)	-4		00000	
Wet.				-	_ES_	8 7 7 7 7		
M.	á		.msrsT	(26)		88769		00000
	Second group.	Majal.	Rate.	(35)	RS. A.	400114		4001-1
	cond	Ms	Taram	(34)		40000	0 4 ro 0 r	4 rð 0 t- 00
	ž	.;	Rate.	(23)	RB. A	193401		ಣ 4 ಜಟ' ಇ ೧೦೦೦ ೩
		Bail	mare [(22)			01 to 41 10 to	
		b,	Rate,	(21)	¥-		00000	
		Paddy Bettu.) (2	RB		84097 04824	
	ć.			(20)			00000	
	First group.	jal.	Rate.	(19)	R8, A.		മ രു 4 ആ വ	
	irst	Majal	тетаТ.	(18)		04 0 0 r	01 ab 4 70 a	041001
l	F4		Rate,	(17)	. A.		00000	
	Soil, Bail.			(c)			10040 	
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Norr.-In the special group villages for Wet lands, the rate for single crop has been increased by one ruper for each tarum, ranging from Rs. 8 to Rs. 2.

XII.—Rainfall,

}	Whole year.	159.87	141.01	189.82	144.07 131.36 136.46	128·36	175-20 145 69	145.35
	Э Ресешрег.		C-42	1.04	0.66 0.66	0.44	0.85	0.22
	З Мочетьег.	1.77	1 75	4.30	3.33 2.27 1.98	2 84 2 48	4.43	2.65
i.	Gottober.	2.00	7-43	13.16	8:51 7:42 5:04	6.43	12-23 10 21	8.52
Averago rainfall (1870—1909) in inches in	S September.	15.04 14.30	13-42	00-61	11.79 11.53 12.37	8 95 10 07	14.20	12.82
909) in	Janguy 🕏	31·14 26·78	28.76	36.93	26.41 23.47 24.61	21:44 22:59	36·16 27·24	27.20
1-0481	.₹I¤¹, ভ	62.72	46-22	62-06	48.21 39.82 48.59	40.83 39.84	60·10 47·04	19-97
infall ()	.eant E	39.54 39.25	38.20	45.17	38.96 38.06 35.43	39.50 37.69	39.69 35.78	38.91
rago ra	<u>⊛</u> May.	3·01 5·27	5.20	5.57	4.30 6.66 6.16	6.25	4.70	6.00
Ave	.ling A 😇	0.75	1.04	2.28	1.60 1.39 1.50	2.43 1.78	2.14	1.67
	E March.	0110	0.02	0.12	0.04 0.07 0.04	0.12	0.32	0.15
	⊕ February.	0.01	0 0 0	: 	0.07	0.02	0.08	0.05
	S lanuary.	0.52	0.17	0.50	0.10 0.16 0.18	0.11	0.08	0.55
		::	:	i	: : :	: :	: :	:
	·	: :	:	:	: :	::	::	verage
	Names of rain-gauge stations.	COONDAPOOR TALUK,	Udipi Taluk,	KARKAL TALUK.	Mangalore Taluk.	KASARAGOD TALUK.	UPPINANGADI TALUK.	District Average
	Names	Baindur*	Udipi	Karkal †	Bantval † Mangalore Mulki *	Hosdrug † Kasaragod	Di Beltangadi † Puttar	

* 1901—1909

1 1880-1909



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Total Demand of Land Revenue Ryotwar, Miswella-neous and cesses.

3,88,475 4,48,727 2,97,240

4,49,300

25,04,128

5,01,624

88,138 88,148 88,863 45,248 39,240 36,489 2,19,882 ЖВ. CGERGS' 3,07,166 4,07,601 2,70,886 93,741 (35,10,376 4,10,000 3,72,264 22,81,216 HB, Total Ryolwar demand. 89,88 121,88 125,89 18,616 96,550 KB. Мівсейнпеоця течепис, Assess-ment in-eluding second crop charge. 3,19,083 4,15,700 2,69,688 4,87,885 3 61,450 3,83,544 22,87,205 Cultivation including waste charged Ξ E.B. Wet. 89,333 78,986 98,449 103,104 Extent. ACB. 9 Assess-ment in-cluding water-rute. 25,832 14,001 33,631 11,877 11,563 15,410 1,39,001 € RB. Dry. 171,659 37,619 308,335 Extent, 23,45ti 26,155 22,193 27,959 ACB. ⊕ 3,33,777 4,39,391 2,84,619 4,09,717 4,28,934 8,98,954 23,76,356 Assess-ment. 8 E Total. 17,292 250,045 131,008 801,439 98,9% 107,613 98,915 Extent. A CB. Ξ 3,19,083 4,15,700 2,69,683 8,81,450 8,88,544 4,07,885 Assess-mont, 463,101 22,37,295 Total holdings. ź 9 Wet. Extent. 89,333 78,986 98,419 72,450 82,458 76,429 $\widehat{\Xi}$ ACB. 25,833 1,90,061 14,694 12,684 17,877 Assess. went. ES. 3 ď. 82,72 171,659 87,619 308,335 23,450 25,156 21,493 Extent. ACB. <u>@</u> 1 : : ÷ ŧ PUTTUR DIVISION. COONDAPOOR DIVISION. MANGÁLORE DIVIBION. Total Kasaragod ... Uppinangadi : : : Mangalore ... Coondapoor ... Vdipi ... Karkal Taluko. Ξ

XIII.—Holdings, Cultivation and Demand in fasli 1322 (1912-13),

XV,-Demand, Collection and Balance of Current Land Revenue and Cesses (in thousands of rupees).

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Collected or written off. Collected or written or written off. Collected or written off. Collected or written off. Collected or written or writte			Fasli 1322.			:	: _		<u>:</u> _		_ * ;	. <u>:</u>	+
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Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13			Fush 1321.	3			:		· ·		310	- 45	3,450
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Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13	j	ten o	.eisi ilan4	(IS)		334	:		!		383 376	11	2,317
Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13		ır wızı	Fash 1318.	(11)		: :	÷		i 		350	취	3,268
Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13		cted c	Tasli 1817.	(16)		85 :	:		:		334	22	3,195
Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13		Oolle	Tesli 1316.	(33)		325	!		: 		311	13	2,085
Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13			.3181 ile.a ^A L	3		357 ::	:		:		292 202	13	9,042
Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13	1	ĺ	Fasli 1314.	(13)		318	;		:		267 273	32	1,912
Demand. (2) Feali 1315. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (3) Feali 1316. (4) Feali 1317. (5) Feali 1319. (6) Feali 1319. (7) Feali 1319. (8) Graii 1310. (9) Feali 1310. (10) Feali 13			Eist ilsn'T	(15)		172	:		:		240	98	1,702
Demand. (2) Fazil 1313. (3) Fazil 1314. (4) Fazil 1314. (5) Fazil 1314. (6) Fazil 1314. (7) Fazil 1314. (8) 1734 340 (8) 1734 340 (9) 1745 2,005 2,115 2,205 2,215 2,		_	.2221 1322.	<u> </u>		339	/ez		534		404	75	2,5(4
Demand. (2) Fazil 1313. (3) Fazil 1314. (4) Fazil 1314. (5) Fazil 1314. (6) Fazil 1314. (7) Fazil 1314. (8) 1734 340 (8) 1734 340 (9) 1745 2,005 2,115 2,205 2,215 2,]	Fash 1821.	<u>e</u>		28 38 38 38	: 		:			40	2,456
Taluka	ł	1	Pash 1320.	3		330	:		:		404 303	56	3,383
Taluks,		Į	Tacki 1319.	<u>@</u>			;	_				17	2,317
Taluka,		j.	Fasti 1318.				:					絽	2,236
Taluks, 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	-)eman	Fash 1817.	9		-				<u> </u>		63	2,195
COONDATOOR DIVISION 1.131 27.2 27.1 20.2 27.1			Fash 1816.	[;		:			#	2,085
COONDAPUOR DIVISION. COONDAPUOR DIVISION. MANGALOR DIVISION. MANGALOR DIVISION. Total			.518f ifea't	3		88 :	:				266 266 266	20	2,046
Taluks. Es Haluks. Coonday. Signature Coonday. Signature Coonday. Signature Coonday. Signature Corrector. Coonday. Signature Correctors. Collections. Essential Signature Collections.			Pasli 1814.	3								ន	1,937
Taluka. (1 (1) COONDATOOR DIVISION. COONDATOOR DIVISION. MARGALORB DIVISION. MARGHORE. MARGALORB DIVISION. Rangalore PUTUR DIVISION. FARSTORM BUIL FURIT			Fasli 1313,	ව							설팅	·	1,808
			Taluks.	נו	COUNDAPUOR DIVISION.	Coondapoor.		MANGALORE DIVISION,	Mangalore	Purtur Division.	Kasıragod Uppinan-	Huzur Collections.	:

Norg.—The Mudabidri taluk was formed on 1st October 1919 and it was abdished from 1st Jaly 1912 when the new Karkul Taluk was constituted. The territorial limits of Udipi and Mangalore Taluks were changed on 'he latter date. Hence figures have been given for one year only.

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XVI.--Remissions (in thousands of rupees).

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	Taluks.	E E	::: <u>1</u>	: : DIA	: :	
	3	A POC	. : : . o. i.	PUTFUR DIVISION,		
		COONDAPOOR DIVIBION,		 Pun	: :	
		0	Coondapoor Udipi Karkul	Nangalore Mudabidri	Казагавод Uppinangadi	

* Particulars as to dry and wet are not available. Nore... The Mudabidri Taluk was formed on 1st October 1916 and abolished with effect from 1st July 1922 when the new Karkal Taluk took its place.

XVII.--Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans.

		Total	recovered.	(1)	(e ₁)		:	;	;		ï		,	3	: ;
	Acts in	Saiba Sait Sait Sait Se So Si	loni lel onstetu seonals cionizo diniza	મું વ વ વ વ સ્	(24)	188.	275	300	:		:			:	575
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					о 	Coondapoor	Udipi	Karbal		¥ 	Mangalore		Kasaragod		

(a) was granted under the Agriculturists Loans Act and (b) and (c) were granted under the Land Improvement Loans Act.

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District Average. (13)12.1 12.3 10.76 9.5 8.4 8.4 9.9 9.2 9.2 8.2 12.4 10.78 10.0 10.0 8.9 8.4 8.4 10.0 10.0 9.8 Uppmangadi Taluk. Ξ Beltangadi. Puttur Division. 12:5 12:0 11:01 9:6 9:0 8:7 10:0 10:3 9:2 8:3 (01) Puttor. Mangalore Taluk, Kasaragod Taluk. 10.6 11.2 9.36 8.6 8.8 9.7 9.7 (Hosdrag.) 6 Wileshwar 10.7 11.5 10.27 10.27 8.1 8.1 9.6 9.6 8.3 8 Kasaragod. 12.4 12.1 10.73 9.4 8.7 8.7 8.3 10.1 Mangalore Divisiou. \mathfrak{S} Bantval. XVIII,—Prices in seers per rupee. 11.8 11.9 10.69 9.1 8.5 7.9 9.4 9.5 7.6 \mathfrak{S} Mangalore. Rice (second sort). 11.1 11.1 8.2 9 Madabidri. Karkal Taluk. Coon dapoor Division, 12:9 11:31 9:2 9:1 8:9 10:6 11:2 8:5 Karkal. $\widehat{\Xi}$ Udipi Taluk, 123 133 11:18 9:5 8:9 8:2 10:4 11:1 .iqibU $\widehat{\mathfrak{S}}$ Coondapoor Taluk. 12.5 11.58 110.3 9.7 9.9 9.4 9.4 8.1 Coondapoor. 3 11111 ******* Fanli. Ξ 1111111111 1318 ... 1314 ... 1316 ... 1317 ... 1319 ... 1320 ... 1321 ...

XVIII, -- Prices in seers per rupee-cont

		District Average.	(13)		17.8	œ 6	16.24	9.47	13.0	12.4	777	20.4	12.0	12.9
	ıngadi uk.	Reltangadi.	(H)		;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
ivision.	Uppinangadi Taluk,	Puttur.	(10)		:	:	:	:	;	:	:	Ē	:	:
Puttur Division.	d Taluk.	Nileshwar.)	(e)		:	፡	•	÷	:	ŧ	:	:	:	:
	Mangalore Taluk, Kasaragod Taluk.	Кавата god.	(8)		15.8	17.6	15.59	9 7 7	بر برون برون برون برون برون برون برون بر	1.71	ρ. Τ	14.5	13.1	12.1
alore iion.	e Taluk.	Bantval.	3		:	:	•	:	:	;	;	;	:	:
Mangalore Division.	Mangalor	Mangalore.	(9)	;	17.1	18.0	14.41	13.8	141	.: .: .:	8.1.	13:1	9.7.1	10,9
	rkal uk,	Mudabidri.	(5)	Paddy (first sort).	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	13.2
jvision.	Karkal Taluk.	Karkal.	(4)	$Padd_{i}$:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:
Coondapoor Division.	Taluk.	iqibU	(3)		20.5	20.8	19.50	16.0	14:4	13.3	16.1	16.7	15.0	13.3
Соол	Coondapoor Taluk.	.roogabnooO	(2)		i	17.8	:		:	•	•	:	;	;
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19.0	30.22	24.0	4.4	्र स् रा	15.3	16.6	2.0	13:3		9.91	14.6	11.85	8.11	13.	1 5	100	14.1	7 6	0 27	-		14.1	13:5	15.37	16.7	1.0.7	20.5	\$ 06	21.0	, c	20.05	, ,		
19.0	15.96	14.7	13.1	127	14.8	16.2	14.5	13.5		0.4.1	3 6	10.77	0	0 6	1 10 0	0 0 0	0.01	30.5	11.8	6.01		13.2	853	16:1:	14.7	0.51	7.4	- 3.3.5 - 3.5.5 - 3.5.5	0.01	9 6	20.01	0	***************************************	
: :	:	:	:	:		. ;	: :	. ;	•	9	10.3	- F	00.11	7 7	χ.	11.1	8.11	14.5	12.8	11.0		14.1	10.01	4 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 14 15 1 15 1	14 CO	0.07	27 9	7 A.A.	19.5		70	19.5	- {	
17.6	16.45	14-7	14.4	0.00	146	18.9	1 -	13.0	9		163	15.7	12.20	11.6	13:1	12.7	11.0	14.7	13.2	11:9		9	16.5	13.5	14.40	165	50.2	9.02	19.0	220	20.8	802	-	
17.7	17:51		2 7	2 0 0	9 0		20.5	14.0	0.91		161	14.7	11.51	11.7	13.4	11.2	120	9.4.	5.5	90			138	13.7	15.61	17:3	21.6	9.12	21.8	27.44 4.75	21.3	23.3	_	-
:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		18.5	6.4	86.11	18.2	60		1 C)	:	:	:		14.6	14.3	16.26	16.7	20.2	90.6	8.06				_	The second second second
75). 17.8	20.7	197.61	7.4.	1. 4.	12.6	14.1	15.8	15.4	11.0		17.3	- 10 - 10	19.61	1 :	0.61		7 5	# 71	# :	140	£ 11		14.2	14.0	15.69	18.3	400	96	- o	200	200	7 .0	,	
Paddy (second sort). $9.4 \mid 17$:	:	 ;	:	 :		15.3	14.7	se oram.		E	:	:	:	:		1	14.8	3.9	12.1	Salt.	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	: 6	C 6	9.T%	0 07	_
Paddy (19.4	20-1	16.70	14.9	13.5	13.2	9.91	9.91	14.3	12.9	Har	in i	16.2	13.0	11.97	7	13.6	10.8	11.8	14.29	12.5	11.5		0.0	2.00	601	19.01	17.1	17.3	19.9	ည် (၁	0.07	18.0	T8 0	_
23.1	23.3	20-17	16.3	191	74.5	0.1.1	. v	16.4	14.7			16.9	14.5	12.17	12.2	14.5	11.5	15.5	15.2	13 5	12.0			14.4	13.5	15.60	16.8	19:3	.03 803	23.8	7.9.7	22:7	0.83	
		 :	 :	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:		187	15.1	11.95	15.0	13.5	11.5	7.1.	13.9		11.9		•	14.8	14.4	16.30	16.4	19.5	20.5	80.00	39.5	18.8	21.7	- :
	-	_ :			-				 ;	-		_		 :	<u>.</u>	:	:	:	:	:		<u>-</u>		-		:	:	 :	:	:	<u>:</u>		-	:
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	.313	3.4	1315	1316	1317	1818	1319	1320	1321	1322		1	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1819	1320	1321	1322		,	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	000

XIX.—Income-tax.
(Part IV. "Other sources" only.)

Objection petitions.	Percentage of these wholly or partially or successful.	(13)		52 31 16 67	5587 1			18 17 22 23 29 20
O. P.	Number.	(32)		25 42 39 39	3.7 4.1	61		68 59 81 78 66
	<u> </u>		- ai	% to 40 10	9 4	က		410004
	population,	Ê	Α.	0000	000	-		00000
Incidence of tax,	Per head of		55 55	0000	000	0		0000
nce				0 11 8 5	57 75	- 6		33
side	ชอลเอลดเลง	ଛା	₹	81-15		t-		သင်္ချမ်း <u>န</u> မ
Inc	ी० हिस्सी पन्प	(E)	жа.	8 1 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5 2 1 1 1	15		45 45 47 47
Total.	lo tunomA	6)	RB.	2,022 2,±25 3,073 3,885	4,445 7,433 6,398	22,344		5,848 6,398 6,747 6,870 6,177
To	Number of assesses.	(8)		53 72 70	163	296		118 119 123 129 131
Above Rs. 2,000.	to tanomA .xat	<u>(£</u>)	BS.	973 1,266 1,724 2,791	2,930 4,158 4,630	17,520		3,158 3,865 4,291 3,595
Above]	Number of assesses.	<u>e</u>		12 15 23 29	29 24 24	115		32 32 34 35
Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 2,000.	to tanomA	<u>.</u>	ж6.	8.22 8.05 8.05 8.05 8.05	385 1,659 002	1,793		1,865 1,253 1,112 1,169 1,134
Rs. 1,	Mumber of	(4)		13 8	10 43 16	45		37 40 31 30
Rs. 1,600 to Rs. 1,500.	to tanomA.	(3)	RB.	728 704 844 764	1,124 1,616 1,160	3,032		1,324 1,280 1,344 1,416
Rs. 1 Bs.	то тебшии вазевава.	3		32 33	853 853	136		55 46 46 62 68
	<u> </u>			::::	;;;	:		1::::
	Paluks.	(E)	COONDAPOOR DIVISION	1908-09 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12	(1912-13 1912-13 1912-13	Mangalore Division ingalore 1912-13	Puttur Division.	(1908-09 1809-10 1910-11 1911-12 1912-13
	. ad		COONDAPOL	Coondapoor.	Udipi Karkal	Mangalore	Purrus	Kasaragod.

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86 04 18	02 98	220 241 242 315 285
60 34 63	43 50	99550
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000	0	00000
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33 42 42	& 3	55 55 55 55 55
3,188 2,758 2,718	3,073 3,421	35,919 39,664 40,765 45,799 50,218
98 73 64	£ 25	689 698 774 793 846
1,239 1,300 1,429	1,709	22,544 26,333 25,585 30,498 34,694
4 4 4	15	196 210 220 242 269
301 266 441	988 988	5,291 6,598 6,598 8,881 6,892
8 7 8	양 왕	142 149 186 180 169
1,648	664 852	8,084 7,724 8,582 8,420 9,232
4.25.88	88	351 339 368 371 408
I : :	} ;	1 1 1 1 1
(1908-09 1909-10 (1910-11	1912-13	[1908-09 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12 1912-13
Uppinangadi.		District Totel.

Nors.—The Mudabidri Tuluk was formed on 1st October 1910. It was abolished with effect from 1st Inly 1912 when the new Karkal Tuluk was easifuled. The constitution of Mangalore and Udiju tuluks was also altered on the latter date. Hence figures for Mangalore, Udiju and Karkal taluks have been given for one year only.

XX.-Abkāri and Opium.

1919-13,	(3)	184 01,618 2,461 2,77,051 61,353	953 1,250 2,33,108 2,10,280	26 1,619 45,818 11,269	7 120 170,181 3,220 8,608
1911-13.	(01)	100 mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	1,102 1,081 2,58,534 1,57,525	34,707, 707,1 35,037 10,489	8 126 149,403 2,514 3,514
1910-11.	9	518 51,216 2,106 1,47,085 45,474	1,164 1,026 2,91,142 1,81,741	34, 1,517 35,019 8,111 11,857	10 136 136,011 2,823 2,018
1900-10.	3	518, 58,443 2,064 1,81,750 55,019	1,104 947 1,41,657 1,75,271	34 34,263 7,630 12,543	10 130 113,110 1,073 5,531
1908-09.	ε	303 08,530 1,911 2,1930 48,120	1,226 93 9,5,630 1,8,370	31, 1,957 33,268 7,965 10,730	16 137 113,110 1,350 5,400
1907-08.	(9)	65,679 1,76,787 1,76,787 10,787	1,356 831 2,26,289 1,66,172	35 1,607 32,317 8,295 11,037	36 121 118,110 452 3,467
1006-07.	(5)	615 57,818 1,580 1,52,131 38,590	1,861 829 1,98,255 1,98,199	35 1,614 32,817 7,728 10,818	9 134 125,678 472 3,850
1905-00.	(4)	617 54,051 1,585 1,41,585	1,864 829 1,98,164 1,89,328	35 1,507 82,417 7,189 9,387	11 133 102,828 553 3,466
1904-0ñ.	(3)	010 012,020 013,827 1,827,1 1,83,814	1,357 834 1,02,575 1,75,236	35. 1,396 5,417 5,4117 8,934	10, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124
1903-04.	(3)	88,906 1,839 1,02,809 21,713	1,861 831 1,80,340 1,53,737	31,060 33,258 4,198	10 104 113,110 2,005
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		11111	1111	11111	111;;
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			: ! ! !	11111	11111
		<i>pirits</i>	<u> </u>	tang.	::::::
	(1)	Country Spirits Number of retail shops licensed I same in impered proof gallons Number of persons per retail shop Gross recedes from duty Do. do. rentails	Yoddy. Namber of retail shops licensed . Number of persons per shop Gross receipts from free-tax Do, do, rentals	Genia, Bhang. Number of retail shops licensed Quantity sold in seers Number of persons per shop Gross receipts from duty Gross receipts from duty	Opium Number of retail shops licensed Quantity sold in seers Number of persons per shop Gross receipts from duty Do. do. rontals



XXI.—Revenue Receipts.

		1919-13		(E)		ks.	22 60 630	On Charle	3,32,826	7.99.041	1	59,159	1,43,016	63,550		6,728	698,11,	1,07,422
		1911-12.	1917	(10)		, sa	22,25,610		8,07,260	7,21,225		98,972	1,37,450	24,080		00),0	1,06,144	99,550
		1910-11.	6			R8.	21,43,592		2,90,615	6,85,453	2 6 14	662'en	1,16,959	55,179	5 841		1,18,116	1,10,508
		1909-10.	(8)		:		20,77,156	9 76 102	631(01(2	6,79,731	50.770		1,13,833	58,519	5,304	0.600	- 507'A0	73,355
-ri		1908-09.	(7)		ø		42,88,84[2.80.838		0,82,085	48,247	97	1,00,00,1	616'99	4,750	080 86	2000	85,072 -
and and and an analas		1967-68.	(9)		S.		Cotton, 10	2,74,785	000 10 19	666,140	51,574	115 004	F Coloria	024,60	3,914	1,07,830	Bu FAC	00,040
N Tro Late	1	1906-07.	(5)		RS.	20 55 059	Tables (a)	2,67,811 2,74,785	6.09.614	E to cook	53,186	1.08.087	3 1 1 1	000,00	4,337	1,18,780	59.084	Foreign .
		1905-06.	(†)		BB.	19.28.690		2,69,926	5.78.619	 } !	51,684	1,02,619	59 405		4 ,036	1,08,587	66.100	
	1001 05		(e)		, SE	17,66,984	į	2,67,537	5,37,989		44,839	72,060	51,278		±0./e	1,43,356	63,218	-
	1903-04	. (e)	(2)		RS,	15,55,890	150	4,01,054	4,77,415	970 00	0#7400	68,548	46,224	0.000	2000	1,48,627	76,358	
						rates		:	i	including	_	:	:	-	-	;	:	- .
	1	_				and		•	÷	inc		÷	:	÷		Ŧ	:	(1) His 6
]	=				revenue	:		;	ęa x	e8.	:: G	tion (c	:		Ξ	:	
		_				Land re	Stamps		Excise	Іпсоше-сах	penalties.	Forests (b)	Registration (c)	Opium	0.11 / 37	(a) alac	Customs	
	ន. •	CAN	, 8															

(a) The figures from 11998-19 cownids do not include extes. (c) The figures given under Roysfration are for the extender years.

(b) The figures are for fast years, (d) The figures are for (vibrat sub-division,

XXII.—Sea-borne Trade—Total Trade in each port.

					Imports.					Exports.		
Names of ports.	ırtı.	<u>-</u>	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910~11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911–12.	1912-13.
(1)	1		(3)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(01)	(13)
BAINDUR,	ئد		B8.	R8.	82	RG.	3.85.	RB.	. 88	R3.	RS.	RB.
Merchandise Treasure	£ :	::	35,609	37,785	29,380	30,828	28,164	80,238	61,298	92,677	1,26,650	74,209
H	Total	;	35,609	37,785	29,380	30,828	28,164	80,238	61,298	92,677	1,26,650	74,209
HANGABKATTA.	TTA.			-								
Merchandise Treasure	::	: :	2,24,987 6,000	1,72,752	2,01,845	1,47,926	1,62,545	8,11,082	6,31,150	7,63,400	8,71,113	7,98,674
H	Total	<u></u> -	2,30,987	1,76,952	2,01,845	1,47,926	1,52,545	8,11,082	6,31,150	7,63,400	8,71,113	7,98,674
COOKDAPOOR.	ë.		-	-								
Merchandise Treasure	; :	: :	5,48,890 46,115	5 ,46,069 37,901	6,59,591 54,300	7,27,326	7,38,196	6,04,169	5,21,714 10,500	8,08,688	11,52,787	8,08,862
	Total	<u>' </u>	5,95,005	5,83,970	7,13,891	7,95,026	7,80,096	6,04,569	5,32,214	8,10,688	11,52,787	8,08,862





	71,016 65,582 52,453	71,016 65,582 52,453		5,92,261 7,22,684 8,67,549	5,92,261 7,22,684 8,67,549		51,03,628 49,94,815 56,15,581 700 5,535	51,04,328 50,00,350 56,15,581		41,132 66,950 69,769	41,132 66,950 69,769		::	
	80,035 71,	80,035		6,72,255 5,92,	6,76,755		52,92,262 51,03	62,94,172		76,401 41	76,401		::	
KASARAGOD,	Merchandise Treasure	Total	MALPE.	Merchandise Treasure	Total	MANGALORE.	Merchandise Treasure	Total	MULKI.	Merchandise Treasure	Total	KARKAL.	Merchandise Treasure	Total

XXII-A.—Sea-borne Trade—Chief Imports and Exports at the selected ports.

(Average of the five years ending 1912-13.)

, .					-										
		(4)	RB.		6,99,005	04,480,782	4,24,511	2,44,139	4,77,153	2,38,643	40,401	5,04,357	12,09,911	80,539	61,848 28,075
	Quantity.	 ©			20,629,875	119,141	35,338	12,924	72,405	5,370	537	23,811			214,509 182,902
					No.	owb.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt,	tons,	gallons,	owt.			= :
Exports.	68.			eri ng mat	:	ed fish)—					:		:	:	: :
	Articles.	<u>a</u>		d Engine	Brioks and tiles	ding caun	, saited vegetahle	ried	Rice not in the husk	adures— Fish manures and guano	;	cocornut	:	811	ta::
				Building and Engineering material	Brioks Coffee	Fish (excluding canned fish)	Fruits and vegetables—	Fruits, dried	Rice not in the	Fish man	Essentia] Seeds—	Copra or coccanut kernel Spices-	Betel-nuts	Cardamoms	Other sorts
	Names of ports.	3											Jor	68t	J. S. P.
	Value.	(4)	RB.	7,48,060	37,758	47,300	2,09,329	1,26,529	34,241	30,974	63,775	1,82,335	48,738	4.75 202	1,50,945
	Quantity.	(3)		15,469	1,868,907	6,838	46,409	12,771	5,128	7,005	8,340 645	353,264	11,982	66 556	5,381
				cwt.	No.	cwt.	CWt.		s 5		gallors.	gallons.	cwt,	- i	tong.
Imports.				ŧ		:	;	:	i ;		: :	i	÷		: :
Imi	Articles.			: -	: :	:	÷	Jak	; ;		; ; ,	:	Ē	į	: :
	Arti	(3)		retabl	ablea	: j	:	the h	: .	outle	: :	:	:		:
				Coffee Fruits and vegetables—	Cocoanuts Fresh vegetables	Dried fruits Grain and onlee-	Gl'am	Rice not in the husk	Wheat	Other sorts Hardware and outlery	Liquors Metals	Oils— Kerosene	Oil-cakes	Salted fish	Manures
	Names fo stroq	Ξ													<u> </u>

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7,0,72,017	59,465	5,34,031 6,85,421	1,15,60,308					2,41,05 6 16,505	31,922 78,653	71,721	6,82,004
318,213	302,940	1 1	:					31,133 235	1,338	1,548	:
or yds.	lb.	(mainly value.	Total					owt.	", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ",	gallons.	Total .
Textiles— Cotton— Piece-goods— Coloured, printed dyed	Tobacco— Unmanafactured Wood and timber—	٠ تو						Fish, dry, salted Fishmaws and sbarkins	Seeds— Copra or coccenut kernel Manures	Jils— Essential All other articles	
Tear Tear Tear Tear Tear Tear Tear Tear	Top	O HP						Fish	γ Cc Cc Mnn		
2,90,166 1,32,682 68,346	87,160 1,84,693	2,37,944	70,142 1,15,877 3,31,235	2,16,411	90,050	1,81,561 39,896 6,84,157	53,86,317	51,807	25,212 6,708 30,272	82,536 88,957	6,314 7,467
. 7,102 9,086 7,302	647,787 17,310	443,592	436,395 537,128 1,475,582	:	347,629	: : :] ;	8,096	4,107	822	6,529 265,868
9	lb. cwt.		yda.	ralue.	No.	va.]ne.	Total	cwt,	" valne,	tons.	gallona. sq. yds.
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: ::	: :	Ŧ			÷	: : : g		÷	: : :	: :	: :
1 11	: :	d yarn ods—	: :: pə	orts of	rgs.	nber— l wood of woo]se		: :	tting.
Salt Seeds— Copra Other sorts	Sugar	Cotton— Twist and yarn Piece-goode—	Grey White Coloured	Other sorts of tures	Gunny bags	Wood and timber— Ornamental wood Other sorts of wood All other articles		Grain and pulse—Gram	Pish, salted Hemp manufactures	Salt	Spirit Mats and matting
Mangalore,	Mangalore.										

XXII-A,-Sea-borne Trade-Chief Imports and Exports at the selected ports-cont.

(Average of the five years ending 1912-13.)

	·										
	Value.	(4)	B.B.								
	Quantity.	(3)						,			
Exports.	Articlos,	(2)									
	aamsN to .adroq	(1)									
	Та lпе.	(4)	RB.	39,134	21,124 32,934	5,300	21,331	19,611	20,774	12,364 3,00,318	7,55,824.
	Quantity.	(3)		999	12,982	276	49,122	119,268	110,345	66,713	 <u> </u>
ts.				owt.	gallons.	_	: 	yds.	No.	lbs. value.	Total
Imports.	zi.			:	; :	į	:	 ed or d	:	; ;	
	Articles.	(3)		;	; ;		ıd yarn	odē— red, print	ර්න ල්ප	octured ioles	
				Metals— Copper	Cocoannt Kerosene	Seeds— Copra	Textiles— Cotton— Twist an	Piece-goods— Grey y Coloured, printed or dyed	Jute— Gunny bags	Tobacco— Unmanufactured All other articles	
	Names fo porta.	Ξ		<u></u>			.4moə-	—eqfsM			



81,298 29,713 6,23,931 40,142 7,75,084	24,753 76,266 1,47,286 2,51,327 26,209 20,640 67,588 20,607 1,57,148 7,81,824
15,270	3,204 11,556 44,709 42,115 1,507 1,991 1,991
cwt ," ," ," ," ," ," ," ," ," ," ," ," ,"	"" "" "" tons toal value, Total
Fish, dry, salted Grain and pulse — Rice in the husk Rice not in the husk All other articles	Manufactures Fish (excluding canned fish)— Fish, dry, salted Grain and pulse— Rice in the husk Rice not in the husk Seeds— Copre or coccanut kernel Spices— Betal-nuts Manures Oils— Besential Jasential disher articles
Hangarakatta.	.xoondapooD
7,162 3,217 42,262 79,826 49,584 1,82,051	6,814 26,861 25,142 12,120 17,432 64,294 23,076 18,936 44,814 85,881 52,946 32,940 32,990 32,990
1,210	1,082 4,615 5,204 2,253 104,078 224,627 98,110 91,691 22,354 1,300 1,980 183,602
cwt valuegallons tons value. Total	cwt yda yda yalae cons cwt cwt rallo rallo.
Grain and pulso— Rice not in the husk Hemp manufactures Oils Salt All other articles	Fruits and vegetables— Dates Grain and pulse— Pulse Rice not in the husk Textiles— Cotton— Piece-goods— Gray Gloured Jute— Gunny bags Oils— Kerosene Salt Salt Salt Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco Tobacco
. Еддайаладая.	Coondapoor.

XXII.A.—Sea-borne Trade: Chief Imports and Exports at the selected ports—cont.

(Average of five years ending 1912-13.)

	Value	4)	ks.	8,807 51,187 6,780	19,440	86,214	25,181	2,670 5,321	3,195	9,205	77,681
	Onsubity.	(8)		2,525 10,679	:	:	82,297 889	5,254 578	60,167	53,827	:
Exports.			* Homeon	ewt.	val.	Total	Мо.	ed cwt,		Yal.	
ES	Articles,	(2)		Grain and Pulse— Kice in the lusk Rice not in the lusk Manures	All other articles		Bricks and tiles Manures	Animal Provisions—Fish, dry, salted Spices—	Betel-nuts Tobacro-	Unmanufactured All other articles	
,	aoma to atro	(E)		sindur.			<u></u>	88128 8918800			
	Value,	(4)	Rs.	1,794 6,014 14,146 10,399	32,353		2,766 2,532 3,279	10,062	3,026	4,577	70,412
	Quantity.	89		62,175 3,637 346	:		584 428 101	2,972	17,884	7 SS2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	:
Imports,				galls tons val.	Total	,	cwt.	tons.	.: Ib.	cwt.	Total
Imp	cles.	(2)		::::			111	: :	;	: :	
	Articles	3)		Bricks and tiles Oils—cocoanut Salt		Grain and Pulse-	Pulse Hides, raw	Fish, dry salted	Chillies	All other articles	
	Nemen of ports.	3		Baindur.			.bog	етава - Л			

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XXIII.--Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13.

AAII, - IAOOMO BIIG		Taluk	Boards in ions in tl	cluding	1012-10.
_	District Board.	Manga- lore.	Puttur.	Coonda- poor,	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	RS.	RA.	ns.	BS.	700
REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.				""	RS.
Land Revenue—			1		
House-tax					
Rents, etc., of fisheries					
Miscellaneous Local rates—	-	•••		•••	•••
Cess on land	1,08,721	27,632	35,333	45,755	9 17 147
Railway cess	, .,.	,		30,700	2,17,441
Interest-		ļ	[
On Government securities,	49	1		16	66
etc. Law and Justice—Courts of Law—					
Fines under Police and	50	193	227	294	5 (
other Acts.	, 3	100	'	294	764
Education—	(,		ĺ	i i	1
School fees		762	2,020	17,602	20,384
Contributions		12,201	15,657	14,738	42,596
Other receipts		2		31	33
Medical—			· up		
Hospital receipts Contributions	2,899	5,192	38 10,234	8 8,115	46
Other receipts	30	5,102	258	698	26,440 1,041
Minor departments-		01	500	0.00	7,041
Veterinary, etc., receipts		***	٠,	,	
Miscellaneous—					
Choultry receipts		23	48	5	71
Market and slaughter-house	•••	581	593	3,434	5,008
receipts. Contributions	, ,				i
Other receipts	18	169	2,267	332	2,786
Railways-			_,_,_,	552	-,,,,,,
Net receipts					•••
Civil works—	05 5 05		ļ		95 505
Ferry receipts	25,763	•••		•••	25,763
Contributions—	48,991	i	••	•	48,8÷1
	1,87,785				1,87,735
Government.	,5.,100	"		•••	-,-,,,,,,
Other contributions	1,850	363	795	1,407	4,415
Debt, deposit and advances.	44,832	5	,	.,.	44,837
Total Receipts	4,20,938	47,181	67,865	92,48	6,28,417
	[,]				
Expenditure.	ļ		j		ļ
Refunds— Land revenue and local rates.					•••
n n i - 0					/

XXIII.—Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13-cont.

			Boards income in the		
	District Board.	Manga- lore.	Puttur.	Coonda- poor,	Total,
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Expenditure—cont.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	Rs.
Interest— On loans, etc]	
General administration—		1.154		}	10.050
General establishment of local funds.	6,873	1,424	1,644	2,135	12,076
Other expenditure					•••
Secondary schools				13,473	13,473
Elementary schools		15,223	22,435	23,203	60,861
Other schools		133		151	284
Other expenditure		657		737	1,394
Medical—	2,155	6.740	120.00	18 205	/1 000
Hospitals and dispensaries.	4,288	6,740	13,949 1,187	18,395 1,418	41,239 7,502
	_	1,300	2,584	2,170	6,054
Plague	4,065	1,500	2,002	2,170	4,065
Other epidemics	3,000	464	340	613	1,417
Other expenditure	4,893				4,893
Minor Departments	, _,	1	1	""	2,000
Public exhibitions and fairs.				i l	•••
Veterinary and other				·]	
charges.	Ì	Ì	Ì		
Superannuation, etc.—)		1	. 1	
Pensions, gratuities, etc.	4,538	33			4,571
Stationery and Printing—	1				
Stationery supplied from Central stores.	•	***			***
Printing work at Govern-	535	304	237	250	1,326
ment and private presses.		}			
Miscellaneous —	ł	ļ	ļ		
Markets and slaughter-	-	5	2	68	75
houses.		i		1	
Choultries		115	G6		274
Lighting	1 7700	79	35		320
Other expenditure	1,465	1	2	119	1,587
Railways.— Construction of railways.	1	1	1		}
Other expenditure	1		•••	•••	•••
Civil works—			•••	•••	
Civil buildings	8,528	2,333	4,068	5,228	20,157
	1,72,894	9,721	11,314	21,947	2,15,876
Sanitary works and other		3,383	4,909	1,752	10,134
works of public improve-]	1		
ments.				Į	
Establishment, tools and	25,664	2,033	3,241	4,465	35,403
plant.		}		1	·
Contributions					1,080
Other expenditure	1,954	412	685	976	3,977
Debt, deposit and advan- ces.	33,539	5		5	33,548



XXIV .- Income and Expenditure of the Municipality in 1912-13.

	Mangalore.
(1)	(2)
	Bs.
Opening balance	49,174
Regeipts.	
•	
Tax on buildings and lands	
Tax on vehicles with springs, animals and carts	F 0.4
Tax on arts	
Tolls	2 2 2
Tax on private menial and domestic servants	
Realizations under special Acts	. 150
Congervancy receipts	1 00
Fees and revenue from—	. 00
Educational institutions	. 300
Medical institutions	
Markets and slaughter-houses	
License fees	
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	
Interest on investments and premium on loans	~-~
Grants and contributions from-	. 1 200
Government	. 44,871
Local Boards	1 000
Other sources	
Recoveries for services rendered to private individuals	- 3
Miscellaneous	
C!_1.t Ta A	1 00
Loans—	• 20
Advances recovered	. 72
Total Receipts	. 1,19,506
Total including balance	. 1,63,680
Evanyouavan	
Expenditure.	1
GRANT 1-	1
Communications	34,073
Buildings	200
Miscellaneous public improvements	074
Water-supply	000
Establishment	701
Tools and plant and other stores	
Contributions for Public works	

XXIV.—Income and Expenditure of the Municipality in 1912-13—cont.

EXPENDITURE—cont. GRANT 2— Education	Mangalore. (2) Rs. 5,424 13,848 769 527 14,188 70 8,534
EXPENDITURE—cont. GRANT 2— Education	(2) Rs. 5,424 13,843 769 527 14,188 70
EXPENDITURE—cont. GRANT 2— Education	(2) Rs. 5,424 13,843 769 527 14,188 70
EXPENDITURE—cont. GRANT 2— Education	(2) Rs. 5,424 13,843 769 527 14,188 70
EXPENDITURE—cont. GRANT 2— Education	13,843 769 527 14,188 70
EXPENDITURE—cont. GRANT 2— Education	13,843 769 527 14,188 70
GRANT 2— Education	5,424 18,848 769 527 14,188 70
GRANT 2— Education	5,424 18,848 769 527 14,188 70
GRANT 2— Education	13,848 769 527 14,188 70
GRANT 3— Hospitals and dispensaries	13,848 769 527 14,188 70
Hospitals and dispensaries	13,848 769 527 14,188 70
Hospitals and dispensaries	769 527 14,188 70
Vaccination Registration of births and deaths Conservancy, road-cleaning and road-watering Contributions Plague charges Veterinary charges GRANT 4— Lighting Markets and slaughter-houses Ohoultries and travellers' bungalows Avenues Public garden, survoy of land, fire, pounds and other charges.	769 527 14,188 70
Registration of births and deaths	527 14,188 70
Conservancy, road-cleaning and road-watering Contributions	14,188 70
Contributions	70
Plague charges	
Veterinary charges	8,534
GRANT 4— Lighting	
Lighting	•••
Lighting	
Markets and slaughter-houses	9.600
Ohoultries and travellers' bungalows Avenues Public garden, survoy of land, fire, pounds and other charges.	3,699 737
Avenues Public garden, survoy of land, fire, pounds and other charges.	
Public garden, survey of land, fire, pounds and other charges.	$\frac{115}{234}$
GRANT 5-	5,57 0
Supervision and management	5,496
Repayment of debt	1,125
Interest on debt	355
Discount on investment	
Advances	1,110
Refunds	23 6
Investments	400
-	
Total Expenditure	1,03,727
Closing balance	64,953
Total including balance	1,68,680

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XXV.-Education in 1911.

Taluks.		Numb litera		Literat thouse popula	nd of	Litera Engl	
TWILE,		Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
(1)	}	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Coondapoor Division.							
Coondapoor	}	9,553	653	147	9	538	32
Udipi		19,147	1,903	148	13	1,061	91
Mangatore Division.							
Amindivi Islands		84		45		2	
Mangalore		22,772	4,941	168	35	4,287	1,180
Mudabidri		5,116	339	95	6	138	4
PUTTUR DIVISION	.						}
Kasaragod	,,,	18,293	2,082	152	16	601	31
Uppinangadi		8,668	709	121	10	340	88
District Total	•••	83,683	10,627	145	17	6,967	1,371
Hindus		63,901	5,728	140	11	4,187	189
Musalmans	•-	9,496	1,058	135	15	248	
Christians		8,408	3,577	179	73	2,471	1,156
Other		1,828	264	389	9 60	61	26

XXVI.—Schools and Scholars in 1912-13.

	N	ս տն	er of	insti	tutio	ns.	Num	ber of sch	olars,
Class of institutions.	Government.	Municipal.	Local Fund.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Public.									
Arts Colleges Professional Colleges	1	·•.		1		2	198	8	201
Secondary schools for	1	.,.	3	10		14	4,070	89	4,159
boys. Secondary schools for girls.				4	! 	4	18	746	764
Higher elementary			2	4		6	1,109	169	1,278
(b) Higher elementary schools for girls.	2			3		5	177	572	749
Lower elementary	1	7	212	309	89	5 6 8	26,523	4,920	31,443
Lower elementary schools for girls.	2		9	6	1	18	63	1,472	1,535
Training schools for masters, Do. for mistresses.	1	٠.,	,,,	" 1		1 2	112 	 33	112 83
Other special schools	**.		٠						
Total	9	7	22 6	338	40	620	32,270	8,004	40,274
Private.									
Advanced Elementary						5 72	2S9 1,458	13 309	302 1,767
Total						77	1,747	322	2,069
Grand Total	9	7	226	338	40	697	34,017	8,326	42,848

⁽a) Includes European high and middle schools.
(b) Relates to elementary schools with standards above the fourth.
(c) Relates to elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth, elementary schools with standards below the fourth and European primary schools.

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	-		
-		20	



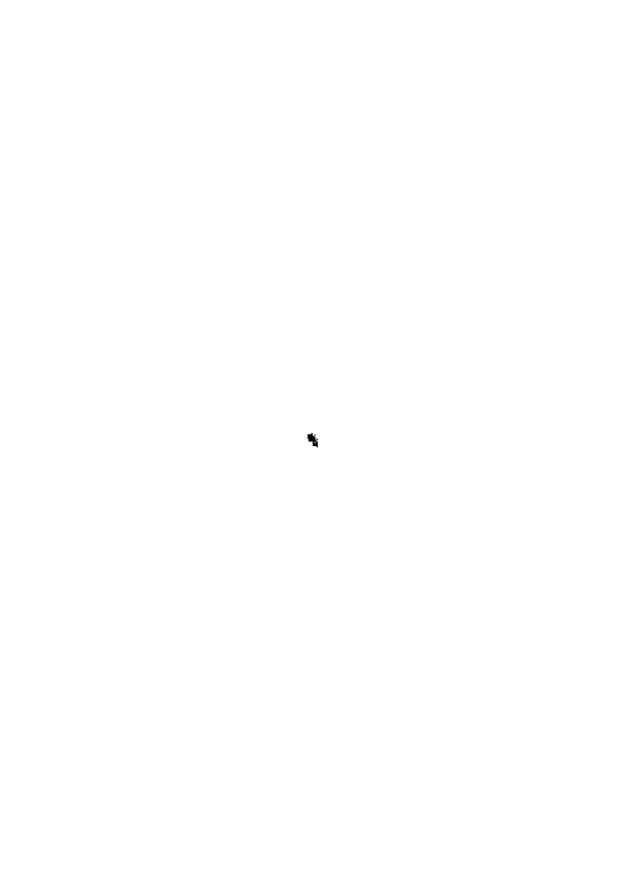
XXVII.—Expendience on Schools in 1912-13,

sar and trial ols.	Net expend- iture.	(15)	Re.	i i	: :	:	:	=	:::::::
reconstant and industrial schools.	Total expend- iture.	(17)	BS.	i I	: :	:	:	:	1 11111
schools.	Net expend- iture.	(13)	RS.	14,789 1,482	2,472		:	18,743	18 3
Training schools.	Total expend- iture.	(12)	RS.	14,789	8,461	. ;	•	24,732	1111 11
Lower element- ary gehools.	Net expend- iture.	(11)	IRB	2,359 53,521	20,359	3,488	1,632	84,072	31,238 2,040 20,087 1,564
Lower elemen ary schools.	Total expend- iture.	(10)	RB.	2,471 57,181	8,013	4,674	5,257	1,42,017	:::::::
Higher element- ary schools.	Net expend- iture.	6)	RS	2,087	6.018	:	:	11,679	2,083 .500 3,858
Higher elemen ary schools.	Total expend- iture.	(8)	R B,	3,258	200.6	201:	:	18,120	::::::
dary ols,	Net expend- iture.	(3)	RS.	5,512	100	TOTO	209	20,148	21,228 63,322 2,479 1,8411
Secondary schools,	Total expend- iture.	(9)	RS.	9,079		8,076 L,U4,±30	2,750	28,161 1,28,048	1111111
398.	Net xpend- ttare.	(5)	R.8.	18,483	1	0 / O · A	: :	28,161	16,379 17,638 858 1,088
Colleges.	Total expend- rture.	(<u>4</u>)	R3.	24,569 18,483	: : 6	200,56	;	03,651	'E HEE
nre on ses of	et.	<u></u>	ItS.	43,230	2,713	402,00		<u> </u>	
Expenditure on all classes of schools.	'Potal,	 [3]	H3.	53,166	3,013	2,31,408	8,007	3,76,568	::::::
	Nature of Schools.	 (3		Government	•	:	Private	Total	Receipts (takon in abatement of charges in working out not expenditate) from— Provincial Funds Local Funds Municipal Funds Municipal Funds Subsoriptions Endowments Other Sources.

XXVIII.—Hospitals and Dispensaries in 1912.

ture tr.	ibneqxe	e leioT gaiurb	(14)	RS. 628	2,761	5,993	(1,727	4,639	1,588	3,569	1,142	2 4.17	9.289	1,318	096 1	4,50%	2,184	1,190	6,923	3,377	1,237	1,173	5,623	1,002	68,044
	700b-n	patient	(13)	8,022	11,315	6,376	10,159	21,307	11,389	11,052	÷	14.131	26.065	2	909 01	10,269	10,653	7,336	11,231	9,789	3,865	4,433	14,430	4,477	196,393
	ance.	Total.	(21)	29.02	81.31	32.87	48.57	133.36	61.32	28.70	:	84-03	145:4	:	04.00	07.00	74-05	42.73	117.15	58.40	69.17	38.34	103.77	39.06	1,270-41
ents.	astend	Chil dren.	$\widehat{\Xi}$	16.48	20.67	6.95	11.10	23.28	15.57	18.54	:	91.50	2012	:	00,21	10.00	20.48	10.13	26 63	16.52	4.57) - 	27.19	8.32	291.42
Out-patients.	Average daily astendance	Women	(10)	24.93	21.77	2.86	12.04	35.04	1330	13.27	;	19.10	17.81	; :	9	De De	20 59	10.38	31.73	18-96	5.03	7R.6	26.51	88.9	334.51
	Ауег	Men.	3	29.20	38.87	18.06	25.43	75.04	32.75	81.43	:	50.93	107.50	:		:	32.08	22.22	58.79	27.92	12.00	20.02	20.09	23.83	653.48
)er	Total	8		4.92	:	:	8.09	:	6.50	41.08	0.17	43.54	7 65	9	FB.478		÷	:	2.26	;	;	1919	:	89.691
	e numbed,	Chil.	(7)	-	0:11	;		0.15	;	0.57	:	9	0 0	3 :	1	F-1	÷	:	:	:	:		1.36	:	3.93
ients.	Daily average number treated,	Wошеп.	(8)	 	0.85	:	:	5.06	:	1.07	15.20	20.1	10.0	3.70	-	18:06	:	:	:	1.65	:	•	5.25	:	50.07
In-patients.	Dai	Men.	(5)		3.96			5.88	:	7.68	28.58	00.1	19:07	3 95		:	;	:	:	6.91	i	:	12.58	:	1.5.68
	Number of beds available for	Жотеп.	(†)		7	;		ಕ್ಕಾ	:	,	20	-	D -	20		18		:	:	41	:	-;	14		¥6.
	Numbe evail	Меп.	(8)		4			4	;	າລ	50	•	٥٥	6 61 44		:	:	;	:	41	i	:	16	:	151
-nr. nd,	Luc	Vhether Ment, L Menicil Private		tuo out	Local Ennd.	Do	-	D0.	Do.	í	Private	aided.	Local Fund.	Private	nided.	Municipal.	Local Fund.	Do	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	n O	Do.	:
	Name of Hospital or	Dispensary.	(1)	A Mirri (T. condirect)	Amitutyi (Laocadiyes)		:	Condapoor		Karkal	Kanknnadi (St. Joseph's	բlum).	Kasaragod	Mangalore (Wenlock Hospital) Mangalore Basel German	Mission Leper Asylum,	Mangalore (Women and Chil-	:	idri	Manieshwar	Puttur	Shankaranarayan	Sullia		ngadi	District Total

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XXIX.-Vaccination.

Names of taluks.	Number full	of persons y vaccina	success- ted.	Register 1,000 o	ed birth f populat	-rate per tion 15.	te number of skiul cases of outdon on the unider one during the years ending 1012-13.
	1910–11.	1911-12.	1912–18.	1910.	19 11.	1912.	Average number encessful cases of vaccination of children under on your during the large years endin with 1012-13.
(1)	(2)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Coondapoor Division.							
Coodapoor Udipi . Karkul	4,194 9,508 	4,565 8,873 	4,825 5,360 5,586	37 40	37 35	34 32 28	1,691 2,372 888
MANGALORE DIVISION.	<u> </u>	! }		}			
Mangalore Mudabidri	9,417	6,843 5,261	7,734	29 69	24 27	25	8,575 895
Puttur Division.		İ			j 1		
Kasaragod Uppinangadı	12,173 7,907	9,908 4,968	7,910 5 ,4 81	83 33	33 31	36 38	2,314 1,870
MUNICIPALITY.		}	<u> </u>		1 		
Mangalore	3,038	2,393	2,467	35	36	83	1,217
District Total	46,237	42,811	38,863	36	29	35	14,812

NOTE.—The Mudabidri tulak was formed from 1st October 1910 and abolished with effect from 1st July 1912, in the place of which a new fiduk named Karkal talak was constituted. The statistics in columns 5 to 7 include Europeans and Eurasians.

XXX.-Civil Justice.

(Average of the statistics for the ten years 1903-1912.)

Class of Courts.	Number of all original suits disposed of.	₹ ·		4	Appeals decided.	Decisions con- firmed.	Percentage of decisions confirmed to total disposals.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Village Courts Revenue Courts District Munsifs' Courts Subordinate Judge's Court District Judge's Court	4,797 6 7,069 80 17	R8. 14 151 138 3,661 4,327	12 2,436 28	6 435 9	2 418 8	1 243 5	50 58 62.5

XXXI.—Climinal Justice.

(Number of persons convicted of certain offences in each of the ten years 1903-1912.)

Offence	1903	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(†	(5)	(9)	<u>-</u>	(S)	6)	(10)	(11)
Marder	1/3	13	41	so	13	13	1	14	9	
ble nominate	32	07	E	<u>(~</u>	2.42	, ro	- 67	12	20	: 3
nurs and assaults	184	121	165	188	169	157	146	122	118	12.5
Ocher (mences against the person	ဘ	21	13	17	00	10	14	S	- σ	6
DateOlby Bobborn	:	:	18	9	16	54	က	10	· 21	;
 mirles	t~ !	າດ	00	6	14	4	27	11	20	1 6/3
Cottle theft		14	ري وي	.co	37	45	4	35	25	-00
Officer thoff	7.	22	က္က]9[6	11	91	15	13	2.6
Other American appropriate manufactures and the second and the second appropriate and the second	194	198	187	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	317	315	312	256	258	236
1:1-1	20 G	97	196	103	133	06	81	92	67	27
Other offences against the Denal Code (Chapter VIII).	7 6	97	139	 	58	51	78	49	28	100
ייי בייים מציים מיים בייים ייים בייים בייים בייים בייים בייים בייים בייים בייים בייי	717	270	173	259	292	329	141	145	160	121
Total	787	813	886	1,008	1,090	1,084	883	771	756	713
Security for keeping the peace and for good be- haviour.	13	16	21	19	25	ro	41	29	29	82
Offences under Madras Salt Act (IV of 1889)	101	64	72	70	24	33	93	οc	- 01	cc
Offences under Madras Abkāri Act (I of 1886)	1,893	1,571	1,286	893	877	009	584	510	536	563
inder Madras Fore	488	207	270	466	664	349	164	92	198	255
Offences under Madras District Municipalities Act (IV of 1884),	132	104	126	271	75	74	65	65	88	104
Other offences against Special and Local Laws	1,203	1,167	1,435	1,186	1,278	1,002	724	853	910	728
Grand Total	4,629	3,942	4,096	3,913	3,862	3,147	2,454	2,328	2,558	2,394
	_			_	_		_			_



XXXII.-Work of Criminal Courts.

(Average of the statistics for the ten years 1903-1912.)

Class of Courts.			Number of original cases instituted.	Number of appeals received.
(1)			(2)	(3)
Village Magistrates	···		649 597 81 3,440	••• •• •••
District Magistrate Court of Sessions		··· ···	310 2 39	212 20 59

XXXIII.—Police and Jails in 1912.

		0	mber of lice.		P	olice	force	÷,		known	Sub-	odation
Taiuks.		Stations.	Out-posts.	Inspectors.		Head Constables.	0	Police Talaiyaris.	1	₁ 24	Z	Total accommodation in them.
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(2)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Coondapoor Division, Coondapoor Udipi		4.3	1 1	1	4 3	10	46		146*		1	21
Karkal MANGALORE	•••	3			3	7	30	•••	182 105	29 18	1	22 10
Division.	i		Į		Ĭ		}		Ì			
Mangalore †		4		3	19‡	3 0	328		237	88	2	101
PUTTUR DIVISION	i. Į]
l		5 8	 1	1	6 8	11 18	69 96		181 191	63 27	2 2	26 32
Total .	-	27	8	7	43	83	621	•	1,042	236	8	215

^{*} The figures shown in column 8 are Potels' Ugranis who constitute the village Police in this district.
† The figures shown against Mangalore includes the Prosecuting staff of 1 Inspector and 1 Sub-In-pector, the Reserve staff of 1 Inspector, 2 Sergeants, 10 Head Constables and 124 Constables and 1 school Head Constable and 34 Constables of Vacancy Reserve, and 1 Head Constable and 4 Constables of Bank gand and 6 Sub-Inspectors of 14 per cent. Reserves.
‡ Includes three Sergeants.